

Republic of Iraq, Ministry of Education

## 1st Intermediate Activity Book

by Terry O'Neill and Peter Snow

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Α	ŀ

Yes = ✓	No = <b>X</b>		
What did	d you do in the holidays?	]	
		You	Your partner
Did you	go away?		
	go to the park?		
	go to any parties?		
	go shopping?		
	play any games?		
	visit your friends?		
	watch TV?		
	read any books?		
	help in the house?		
	go on a picnic?		
	go camping?		
	go to the cinema?		
	stay at home?		
	or your partner do any tes here.	thing els	e?
You		Your part	ner



Write a paragraph about your holidays in your copybook.

#### Writing tip 1

Make your writing better. Read and check these things:

- spelling
- wrong words
- punctuationmissing words

Then write your paragraph again correctly and in your best handwriting.

Lesson 2	A	② Listen to Richard talking about his photos again. Write one word he uses to describe each thing.
	1	Football in Iraq
	2	Ur
	3	The marshes in the south of Iraq
	4	The markets
	5	The Citadel in Erbil
	6	Hatra
	B	Listen again. This time, note down any facts you hear.
	<b>G</b>	△△ What do these words mean?
	1	ancient
	2	citadel
	3	marsh
	4	ziggurat

bright \_



#### Lesson 3 A Complete the table.

#### www.derasatv.ne

Infinitive	Past tense	Infinitive	Past tense	Infinitive	Past tense
listen		see		put	
learn		make		read	
stay		go			
		take			
		get (up)			
		am/is	<del></del>		
		do			
		have			

### B Can you find 13 Past tense forms hidden in this puzzle?

g	1	0	0	k	е	d	е	r	у	
t	С	u	t	m	5	r	а	n	d	
į	s	d	r	0	V	e	d	u	r	
h	0	h	e	I	р	е	d	m	0	w.c.
S	a	t	V	h	е	a	r	d	u	
f	a	f	е		ı	t	z	k	h	
р	а	t	е	р	t	h	r	e	w	
t	k	n	0	С	k	e	d	q	u	
0	V	S	h	0	u	t	е	d	е	
Z	S	С	a	m	e	r	ı	n	m	



0

#### Remember!

There are two ways of talking about the past:

- 1 Richard went to Iraq in the holidays.
  - Past simple tense
- 2 When he was staying in Iraq, he went to a football match.

Past continuous tense

Read and complete this paragraph about Richard. Use the verbs in brackets in the Past simple or Past continuous tense.

anything.
a pair of trainers and two T-shirts. His father (not buy)
Richard (not like) any of the sweaters, but he (buy)
street market. A man (sell) sweaters, T-shirts and trainers.
street, they (forget) the name of the shop. Then they (see) a
them the name of a shop. When they (walk) along the
father (ask) a man in the hotel where to go. The man (give)
When Richard was in Baghdad, he (want) to buy a sweater. His

These words are called *adjectives*. They describe how you feel or what you think about something. Say each word and underline the strongest part.

fantastic horrible delicious boring beautiful terrible lovely

Now use a suitable adjective in these sentences.

You can use each word once only. Think before you write.

- 2 I saw a \_\_\_\_\_\_ accident on my way to school.
- 3 The Arabian horse is a \_\_\_\_\_ animal.
- 4 Jassim doesn't like football. He thinks it's \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 Huda saw a \_\_\_\_\_ dress in a shop window. She wants to buy it.
- 6 In some countries, young children have to work all day. I think that's \_\_\_\_\_.
- 7 A cheetah can run at more than 110 kilometres an hour. That's \_\_\_\_\_!
  - Read and complete the sentences with the words in the box.

mine yours hers ours theirs

1



Sameera lost her watch yesterday. I think this is \_\_\_\_\_.

2



Bilal, I think this book is \_\_\_\_\_. You left it in my house yesterday.

3



We took that ball to the beach. It's \_\_\_\_\_, but those boys think it's \_\_\_\_\_.

4



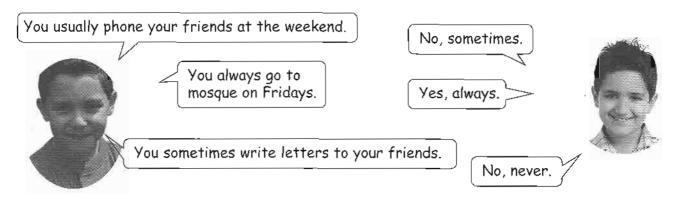
Halla doesn't have a radio, so I lent her \_\_\_\_\_.



A Read and answer these questions. Circle the right letter.

		,6° .	<b>A</b> :	5. 35.	S. S. S.
	15	\$ 35 125°	762. 84	78. 8g	\$0°
1 Do you go camping at the weekend?	A	В	C <sub>.</sub>	D	Е
2 Do you go horse- riding at the weekend?	A	В	С	D	Е
3 Do you go to mosque on Fridays?	<b>A</b>	В	С	D	Е
4 Do you phone your friends in the evening?	A	В	С	D	E
5 Do you visit your friends at the weekend?	Α	В	Ċ	D	E
6 Do you write letters to your friends?	A	В	С	D	Е
7 Do you watch English TV programmes?	Α	В	C	D	Е
8 Do you listen to English radio programmes?	A	В	С	- D	Е

B Play a game. Try to guess what your partner does like this:



	Write five sentences about yourself saying how often you do things. Use five different adverbs.
-	
on	Look at page 9 of your Student's Book again. Answer these questi
1	Where does Adel want to go?
2	What does Rashid want to do?
3	Where does he take the photos?
4	What does he take photos of?
on .	A Karen asked six questions in her letter. Try to write them.
<b>on</b> 1	Karen asked six questions in her letter. Try to write them.  Don't look at your Student's Book.  back at school?
on 1	A Karen asked six questions in her letter. Try to write them.  Don't look at your Student's Book.  back at school?  a museum?
on 11 22 33	A Karen asked six questions in her letter. Try to write them.  Don't look at your Student's Book.  back at school?  a museum?
	Karen asked six questions in her letter. Try to write them. Don't look at your Student's Book.  back at school?



- AA Exchange books and check your partner's asaty net questions. Look at page 11 of your Student's Book.
- Write a letter to Karen. Use your copybook.

Paragraph 1 - Thank Karen for her letter and tell her about your school.

Paragraph 2 – Answer Karen's questions 2 and 4 and tell her something about Iraq.

Paragraph 3 - Tell her about your holidays. or

> - Tell her about your spare time and your favourite food.



Look back at Writing tip 1 on page 4.

#### Lesson 9

A Fill in the missing letters in these words.

Write four sentences using some of the adjectives in Exercise A. When you finish, read your sentences to your partner.





#### Joining sentences with and, but, or.

#### **Examples:**

The burger was huge. It was delicious.

The burger was huge and it was delicious.

Ahmed saw an American football match. He didn't like it.

Ahmed saw an American football match, but he didn't like it.

You can have a sweater. You can have trainers. (You can't have both.) You can have a sweater or trainers.

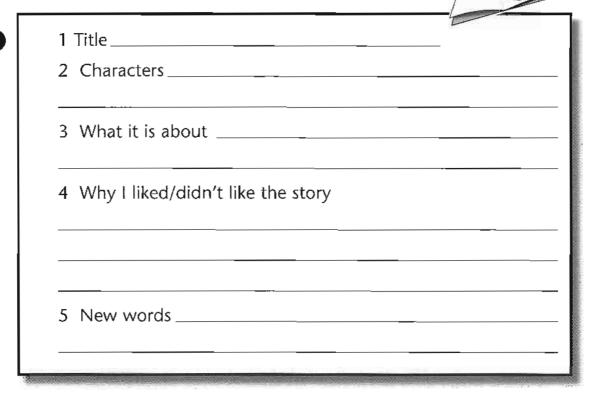
Which words are missing from the last sentence?

#### Now join the following sentences.

1	The cheetah is a beautiful animal. It is very fast.
2	I can play chess. I can play netball. I can't play volleyball.
3	Elephants live in Africa. Elephants live in India. Elephants don't live in Iraq.
4	Do you want fish for dinner? Do you want meat for dinner? Do you want both
5	My friend went to London. He went to Paris. He didn't go to New York

O	Write	sentences

Lesson 10



Extra activities

- A Put these words in order to make correct sentences.
- 1 Richard thought the was football match boring
- 2 weekend friends you the Do at your visit?

# You can wear this. www.derasatv.ne

#### Fill in this word tree.

- 1 You go there every Friday.
- 2 The past tense of 'go'.
- 3 You can find very old things here.
- 4 You can write on this.
- 5 This animal is very fast.
- Very, very nice. 6
- You can ride on this animal.

#### Write about your favourite meal.

Ask your teacher to help you with any English words you don't know.

- Write short answers to these questions.
- What do you have to buy when you want to send a letter? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 1
- Where can you find sea shells? 2
- Name two things that grow in a garden. 3
  - Listen to Sara talking about her holidays. Write notes.
    - What is Sara's friend's name? \_\_\_\_\_ 1
    - Where does she live? \_\_\_\_\_ 2
    - How old is she? \_\_\_\_\_ 3
  - 4 Where did Sara's family take her?
  - (a)



- Listen again. What did Sara's friend say about the places they went to?
- G Read and answer the questions. Write short answers.

In the holidays, Ahmed and his family stayed in a hotel in New York. Ahmed's friend, Faisal, lives in New York with his family. Faisal is fifteen, two years older than Ahmed. One day, Ahmed took a taxi to Faisal's flat. He got there at half past two.

'What do you want to do?' asked Faisal.

'Let's go to the cinema,' said Ahmed.

They went to the cinema, but they didn't stay long because the film was boring. They went for a walk in the park. It is a huge park called Central Park. The boys sat under a tree and talked.

'Who's with you in New York?' asked Faisal.

'The whole family,' Ahmed answered. 'That's my father, my mother, my two sisters and my brother.'

They talked about Iraq. Faisal said he liked New York, but he wanted to go back to Iraq. Then they took a taxi back to Ahmed 's hotel. They said 'Goodbye' and Faisal went home.

1	How old is Ahmed?
2	Does Faisal live in a flat or in a house?
3	What time did Ahmed get to Faisal's home?
4	Did the boys enjoy the film?
5	What did they do in Central Park?
6	How many children are there in Ahmed's family?
7	Will Faisal always live in New York?
8	How did Ahmed get back to his hotel?



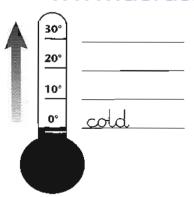
H Read and complete the sentences with the words in the box.

	mine hers theirs yours
1	My brothers want to play with my computer game,
	but they won't let me play with
2	That pen isn't I only lent it to you.
	It's and I need it.
3	I gave this book to Layla, so now it's
_	
_	



A Write these words in the correct places, derasaty.net

cool hot warm



B What's the weather like in each season? Write the weather words next to the seasons.

cold	cool	hot	rains	snows	sunny	warm	windy
winter _		_		su	ımmer _		
spring _				au	ıtumn _		

**C** △△ Word-building. Complete this table.

noun	verb	adjective
	snow	snowy
	rain	
	_	

- △△ Make sentences like the first one.
  - 1 It rained. It was a rainy day.
  - 2 It snowed. It ...
  - 3 There was a wind. It ...





△△ Make sentences about the weather in Iraq. Use words from each box.

It It is always usually often sometimes never

rains snows	windy cold hot sunny	
	cloudy	

B	Write	three	sentences	about	the	weather	in	Iraq.
								1





#### Time phrases

You can usually put phrases like these at the beginning or at the end of sentences.

#### Example:

Tomorrow morning it will be sunny. It will be sunny tomorrow morning.

Now read the weather forecast on page 14 of your Student's Book again and answer these questions about the weather in London tomorrow.

	• Will it be dry tomorr	row morning?		
2	• Will it rain tomorrow	v afternoon?		
	•		 	



3	• Wil	l it be warm tomorrow evening?	www.derasatv.net
4	○ Wh:	at will the temperature be tomorrow	
Ex		Write two sentences about the weekend and about what you on Thursday it will be windy, so I will be windy.	will or won't do.
	<b>3</b>	Write sentences about sometle last night, last Friday, last year.	hing you did
_			



	$\wedge$	
		1
1	ē	1

#### Using commas in lists

I go to school on Saturday, Sunday, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.



No comma here

## Look at page 15 of your Student's Book and answer these questions.

- 1 Which month has the shortest name? \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 2 Which month has the longest name? \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 4 When is it sunny? \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 5 When does it rain in Iraq? \_\_\_\_\_\_

Lesson 5



#### Draw lines from the numbers to the words.

- 1st • fourth 13th twenty-first
- 2nd • fifth 18th • thirteenth
- 3rd • first 20th • twenty-sixth
- 4th • third 21st • eighteenth
- 5th second 26th twentieth



#### **Spelling**

five – fifth twelve – twelfth eight – eighth

nine – ninth

twenty – twentieth four – fourth, forty – fortieth



B Read the rhyme on page 16 of your Student's Book and complete this table.

Month	Number of days	Month	Number of days
Jan.		Jul.	
Feb.		Aug.	
Mar.		Sep.	
Apr.		Oct.	
May		Nov.	
Jun.		Dec.	

© Listen and write the birthdays.
Write numbers and short months first.
Example: 14 Dec.

1	Jack:		Jack's birthday is the
2	Yassir:		·
3	Sara:		
4	Simon:		·
5	Susan:		
6	Ramzi:		
		&& Ch€	eck your answers. Then write sentences.
Wł	nen is you	ır birthday?	<u> </u>
	0	Complet	e the sentences. Write words, not numbers.

- 1 On my next birthday, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_
- 2 On \_\_\_\_ next birthday, my father \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 On \_\_\_\_ next birthday, my brother/sister \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A	Read page 17 of your Student's Book and answer t	these
	questions. Write short answers.	3

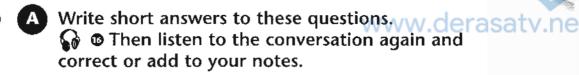
1	What season is it?
2	Who is Simon playing with?
3	Who speaks first?
4	Who is on holiday?
5	What are the three parts of the school year in England called?
6	How many half-term holidays does Simon have in a year?
7	How many weeks' holiday does Simon have every year?
	Now write this paragraph correctly.
	B Look at page 17 again. What kind of words begin with CAPITAL LETTERS? Where do you need to add commas?  Now write this paragraph correctly.  my parents my sister amal and i sometimes go to london in winter.
	we leave iraq in december and stay in england for five weeks. we always come back for the iraqi armed forces day. that's in january. this year it was on wednesday, so we had a long weekend – wednesday thursday and friday.
_	<del></del>



Read and complete this paragraph about the school year in Iraq.

The school ye	ar in Iraq begins in	It is in tv	vo parts, called _	·
Between the _	, we have	e weeks' holiday	. This holiday is	usually in
_	. We also have other f	ree days. Some are on	the same day ev	ery year –
	, for examp	le. Others are at differ	ent times,	
for example.	The longest holiday is	in the It is	about	_ weeks long
•	Write the words in	the box under the	correct headir	ngs.
_	ned Forces Day neve	udy Eid al-Fitr Febr er March October sunny usually we	often rain	snow
	Holidays	Months	Weather v	words
			_	
			_	
J				
	Seasons	How often?		
			—	





1	What is Ramadan?
2	What is Eid al-Fitr?
3	When does it take place?
4	What do people do at Eid al-Fitr?



22

**Student A:** Imagine you are English. Ask your friend to tell you about Eid al-Fitr.

**Student B:** Answer your friend.

#### Speaking tip 1

When you are explaining something, you need to ...

- put your ideas into the right order.
- use words that the listener can understand.
- speak clearly.
- answer any questions your listener asks.

#### Simon asked these questions:

Isn't that difficult?
Don't you eat at all?
What's Eid al-Fitr?
What does *Eid mubarak* mean?

**Student A:** Did you understand your friend? Now you try. Can you say it better?

Student B: Think of different questions to ask your friend.



Write to an English friend about Eid al-Fitr. Write two paragraphs.

Paragraph 1: Explain Eid al-Fitr.

Paragraph 2: Write about the last Eid. (What did you and your family do?)

#### Writing tip 2 - Make a plan

- · Write notes of your ideas.
- Number your notes in the best order.
- Then look back at Writing tip 1.

Ī	esson	9
		_

A Find words that rhyme. Write them and look carefully at the spelling.

cool	Jane	June	know	May	moon	
pray	rain	school	spring	snow	thing	

<u>cool - school</u>		

- **B** Make correct sentences. Reorder the words.
- 1 sometimes dinner my mother help I cook
- 2 often in rains January it
- 3 never for school late is Huda

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#### Write the correct dates.

1	Today is			
	•			

- 2 Our teacher's birthday is \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 3 Next year, Eid al-Fitr will be on \_\_\_\_\_



#### Can you remember? Answer these questions.

- I In what season does it snow in England?
- 2 What's the weather like in autumn in England?
- 3 What is the name of the first month of the year?
- 4 What are the winter months in England?
- 5 How many days are there in April?
- 6 How long is the spring holiday in English schools?



<b>3</b>	© Listen to a weather forecast. Write notes as at when the weather tomorrow.	net
	about the weather tomorrow.	

	about the weather tomorrow.
1	The date:
2	Morning:
3	Afternoon:
4	Afternoon temperature:
5	Evening:
6	Night:
•	Read and complete each sentence with one word.
	Read and complete each sentence with one word.
1	The last month of the year is
2	The hottest season of the year is
3	The opposite of warm is
4	In winter when it is cold, it often
5	Summer comes after
G	Read the sentences and tick the correct words.
1	Eid al-Fitr often always starts after Ramadan.
2	There are two three terms in the school year in Iraq.
3	February is the longest shortest month.
4	Iraqi Armed Forces Day is 6th 16th January.
5	Ramadan is sometimes never in autumn.

# DEMANIA

Lesson 10

1 Title	www.derasatv.
2 Characters	
3 What it is about	
4 Why I liked/didn't like the story	
5 New words	

Extra activities A Which words go together?

moon warm snow cold season holiday
25 degrees half-term sun autumn

- 1 moon,
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_



## B Write the missing words and fill in this word tree.

1	In England, it usually in winter.						
2	At the end of Ramadan, we our fast.					'	
3	is the fifth month.						
4	My mother's sister is my						
5	There are three in the school year in England.	_					
6	The opposite of 'lend' is						
7	The opposite of 'closed' is						
8	The opposite of 'never' is						
9	comes after winter.						
10	The opposite of 'wet' is	,					
			1				
	Do	you hav	e or	e of	thes	ie?	

Write a paragraph about what you did on a special day. Choose one of these:

a friend's birthday	Eid al-Adha	National Day	
		_	

## Read about Majid's holiday in England and answer satving the questions. Write short answers.

Last year my parents took me to England. We left on the first of July and stayed in London for one month. The weather was terrible. The first things we bought were umbrellas and warm clothes.

'Does it always rain here?' I asked my father.

He laughed. 'It doesn't usually rain in July,' he said. 'Wait a little. Next month it will be sunny and hot. I heard the weather forecast.'

'Where are we going next month?' I asked.

'That's a surprise,' my father said.

In London, we went to museums, to cinemas and we went shopping. One day we went on a boat on a lake in a park. And, of course, we got wet.

After four weeks we went to the seaside. It was sunny and hot. We played on the sandy beach. One week it was 30 degrees almost every day. One day it was 32 degrees. We swam in the sea and went sailing. It was great fun!

At the beginning of the next month we had to come back to Iraq. It was time to go back to school.

1	What season was it?	 	
2	Why did they have to buy warm clothes?	 	
3	Which month will be sunny and hot?	 _	
4	How many different things did they do in London?		
5	What is the Arabic word for 'sea'?		
6	How many different things did they do at the seaside?		
7	What was the temperature on the hottest day?	 	
8	What month did they come back to Iraq?	 	



Write sentences. Use the verbs in the box. erasatv.net What have these people done?

climb paint finish wash

1

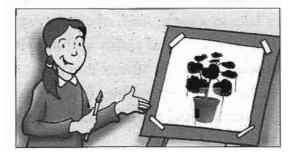


2



He has

3



4



- **B** Answer the questions.
  - 1 Have you watched TV today? \_\_\_\_\_
  - 2 How many times have you washed your hands today? \_\_\_\_\_
  - 3 How many people have you talked to today?\_\_\_\_\_
- Say these words aloud and write them next to the correct sound.

washed	painted	talked	finished	watered	cooked	
/t/ /id/ /d/						- -



#### Complete this table.

## www.derasatv.ne

	Infi	nitive	Past tense	Past participle
Regular verbs	1	cook	cooked	cooked
	2	clean		
	3	paint		
	4	talk		
	5	mix		
Irregular verbs	6	see		
	7	hear		
	8	give		
	9	do		
	10	forget		
	11	go		
	12	eat		
	13	drink		
	14	buy		

_			
1	055	on	4

## A So Desired Listen to different people talking. Write one more word in each set.

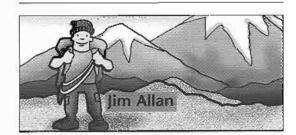
1 bowl, glasses,	2	clue, puzzle,
------------------	---	---------------

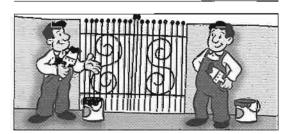
- 3 farther, higher, \_\_\_\_\_ 4 brush, paint, \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 5 purse, bag,\_\_\_\_\_ 6 game, difficult, \_\_\_\_\_















It's a pleasure. Hang on! higher better melt Switch it off.

1	The two	ladies		
3				
4				
5				
6				
		t page 23 of your Stuete the table.  Past participle	Verb	Past particip
	go		buy	
	eat		read	
	drink		forgot	
	take		give	
	take		give	
	people	omplete these question on page 23.	ons and answ	ers about the
Ias A	people	on page 23.  e to the park?		
Has A	people Ahmed gone	on page 23.		

Why is Salman frightened?



Find 11 words to describe feelings.

Read from left to right and from top to bottom.

		_								
e	q	t	s	a	d	b	z	h	у	k
s	i	с	k	n	a	1	g	u	f	m
m	f	r	i	g	h	t	е	n	е	d
t	n	u	j	r	i	I	h	g	b	e
h	a	р	р	у	d	a	k	r	j	o
i	р	s	g	o	t	m	S	у	t	r
r	c	е	x	с	i	t	e	d	i	v
5	f	t	u	g	r	e	a	t	w	х
t	w	b	d	n	e	Z	e	m	х	q
у	c	V	h	e	d	n	f	n	u	р

Write the word	s here.			

**△△** Compare your answers.

## Write about these four people. How do they feel? Why?



Muna feels \_\_\_\_\_ because \_\_\_\_\_\_

2



Mrs Salman is \_\_\_\_\_

3



The teacher \_\_\_\_\_

4



Noora\_\_\_\_

#### Lesson 6 Write answers to these questions about Mad Mack.

- 1 Where does Mad Mack live?\_\_\_\_\_
- 2 What is his job?\_\_\_\_\_\_
- 3 What has he invented?
- 4 What has Zed done? \_\_\_\_\_



A Find adverbs of manner in the story on page 26 of your Student's Book and write them here.

	carefully quietly angrily easily
1	Huda put the glass down because she did not want to break it.
2	Faisal did the test and got good marks.
3	Amal sang because the baby was sleeping.
4	Father shouted when he saw the broken window.

### Make adverbs from these words.

1	happy –		2 sad –	3	noisy –	
4	bad –	5	nice –			

#### Now use the adverbs and these verbs to make sentences.

	laug	h cr	y p	lay with	friends	s swin	n spe	eak		
_				_		_				
									_	
									_	
									_	



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#### 

1	Oh, no! Oh, dear!
2	
3	I've forgotten to bring   my money. I haven't brought   my purse.
4	
5	Thank you very much. That's very   kind   of you.
6	

#### Now make different conversations. Here are some ideas:

3 I've lost my pen. I can't find my camera.
---



#### 

1	
2	What is it? What's the matter? What's wrong?
3	
4	Never mind. I'll lend you   some money. mine.
5	
6	That's   all right. OK.

#### Now make different conversations. Here are some ideas:

4	Don't worry.	You can	use borrow	mine.
		I'll help yo	ou look for i	t.



### Listen to the story on page 27 of your Student's Book again and answer the questions. Write notes.

1	How did the shepherd feel?
2	He said a wolf was eating his sheep. Was this true?
3	What were the sheep doing when the men ran to the field?
4	How many times did they go to the field?
5	Did they see a wolf?
6	What did the shepherd see on the fifth day?
7	Why did the men not go to the field?
8	Why did the shepherd cry?
	Read the story about the shepherd. Write the missing words and sentences.
One	ce upon a time, there was a He was ' nothing
all c	lay,' he said. Then he had an He ran into the village and shouted, 'A
wol	f'
Т	he men of the village, but there was no and the
shee	ep were eating The shepherd laughed
"]	That's not,' one of the men said
The	shepherd did this times and the men went to the field every time. On
the	evening, the shepherd saw a wolf near his sheep. He ran to the village.
'Co.	me' he said. 'I've'
	We,' said one of the men and they
	e shepherd went back All of his
	He sat down and cried



0	Write your own story.	ne	+
	With a friend, write a short story about a boy or girl who te	ells	lies

Begin ... Once upon a time there was ...

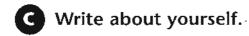
What has he or she done or seen or heard?

Is it true? Do people believe the boy or girl?

What happens at the end? How does the boy or girl feel?

Lesson 9	$\mathbf{A}$	Complete the sentences.	Use these	words and	phrases.
	-	<b> </b>			1

i	n the park	in the Mall	when it's hot	after dinner	for lunch	yesterday			
	1	They go to the	beach						
	2	Muna eats a sai	ndwich						
	3 Layla drank some lemonade								
	4	Jassim does his	homework						
	5	Huda bought a	new dress						
	6	Ahmed lost his	camera						
	B	-	verbs in Exerc		Present pe	erfect tense.			
	so sh	Write new en	verbs in Exercendings to the  y so he feels was to he can watch	sentences.	is not thirsty	,			
1	so sh and will b	Write new ender is not hungry e back later s	so he feels u	ipset so she TV so she ca	is not thirsty an go to the	,			
	so sh and will b	Write new ender is not hungry e back later s	ndings to the y so he feels u o he can watch	ipset so she TV so she ca	is not thirsty an go to the	,			
1	so sh and will b	Write new ender is not hungry e back later s	ndings to the y so he feels u o he can watch	ipset so she TV so she ca	is not thirsty an go to the	,			
1 2	so sh and will b They ha	Write new ender is not hungry e back later s	ndings to the  y so he feels wo o he can watch e beach and w	ipset so she TV so she ca	is not thirsty an go to the	,			





CTOR

- What games have you played this week? 1
- Write three things you have done today. 2
  - Choose the best adverbs to complete the sentences.

angrily slowly well beautifully loudly politely carefully easily quietly happily sadly noisily badly nicely

- The policeman shouted at my father \_\_\_\_\_ when he drove too \_\_\_\_. 1
- I always speak to my grandmother \_\_\_\_\_. 2
- My uncle speaks English very \_\_\_\_\_ because he often goes to London. 3
- Gwen always does her homework \_\_\_\_\_. 4
- Len played his music \_\_\_\_\_\_, so his father was angry. 5

#### Lesson 10

1 Title	
2 Characters	
3 What it is about	
4 Why I liked/didn't like the story	
5 New words	
-	



1



A Can you find the hidden message in this puzzle? Satv.net Take out the extra letters, then write the message correctly, adding spaces where necessary.

weigh to the park?

#### WIDLLDYODUCOMDESWDIMMIDNGDWITDHMDETHIDSAFTDERNODON

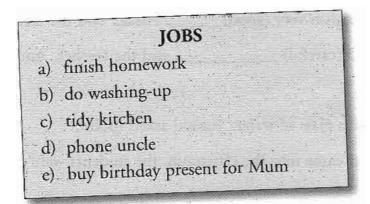
Read the sentences and tick the correct words.

Can you tell me the | way

2	The zebra ate eight the leaves on the tree.				
3 Aziz rode road on an elephant at the zoo.					
4	Sameera lend lent me a book to read.				
G	Listen and circle the word you hear.				
	1 sing sink 2 sank thank 3 think thing				
	4 short shore 5 saw shore 6 choose shoes				
can you	come and play at my house tonight				
noora ha	s gone to america on an aeroplane				
faten and	I rana bought some oranges pineapples and bananas in the market				



3	
1	What does Len want?
2	Has I en done these things? Yes - I No - Y



- 3 What can Len do now? \_\_\_\_\_\_
- Read the sentences and tick the correct words.
- 1 'Have you washed watched your hands today, Len?' asked Mr Archer.
- 2 'The wolf walked very quickly quietly and the sheep did not hear him.
- 3 Len did his homework very badly sadly and had to do it again.
- 4 'Oh no,' said Jassim. 'I haven't bought brought the ball back from the park.'
  - Read and complete the sentences. Use the past participles of the verbs in the box.

drink eat give see take go	)
----------------------------	---

- 1 Len is not hungry because he has \_\_\_\_\_\_ three burgers.
- 2 Mrs Archer is very happy because Len has \_\_\_\_\_ her some flowers.
- 3 I'm sorry. Gwen and Len aren't in. They have \_\_\_\_\_ shopping.
- 4 'Have you \_\_\_\_\_ my book?' asked Mr Archer. 'I can't find it.'
- 5 'I think Gwen has \_\_\_\_\_ it to her room,' said Mrs Archer.
- 6 'No more tea, thank you,' said Mrs Archer. 'I've \_\_\_\_\_ three cups this morning.'



	H Change the words in brackets into adverbs erasaty.net
1	Jassim ran to school very (fast) because he was late.
2	'I can do this test (easy),' said Ahmed. 'It's not difficult.'
3	'You can speak English very (good), Huda,' said the teacher. 'Good girl.'
4	'Listen to the CD (careful),' said the teacher. 'And answer the
	questions.'
5	'Please can I have a glass of water,' Rashid asked (polite) 'I'm thirsty.'
6	When the teacher came into the classroom, the students were playing
	(happy)
7	'Be quiet, boys!' said the teacher (angry) 'You're the noisiest class in
	the school.'
	Begin: Once upon a time  These words will help you.  hungry chickens meat politely sung beautifully tree picked up ran away loudly
_	



#### Read the story and answer the questions.v.derasatv.ne

Kevin and Susan live next to Mad Mack. One day they went to visit him. He was singing loudly.

'Hello, Mack,' said Kevin. 'Why are you so happy?'

'I've invented a new robot,' he said. 'It helps in the house.'

'Really,' said Kevin. 'Where is it? What is it doing?'

'It's making a cake,' said Mad Mack. 'But today it's made my bed and tidied my room. And it's just watered all the flowers in the garden.'

'Has it finished making the cake?' asked Susan.

'I don't know,' said Mad Mack. 'Let's go and look.'

They went into the kitchen. There was a lot of flour on the floor.

'Oh, dear,' said Mad Mack. 'What have you done?'

'I have mixed the flour, eggs, butter and milk,' said the robot slowly.

'Good,' said Mad Mack. 'Where's the cake?'

'And I have cooked the cake,' said the robot.

'But WHERE IS IT?' asked Mad Mack loudly.

'I have eaten the cake,' said the robot. 'It was delicious.'

'Oh, no,' said Mad Mack sadly.

Kevin and Susan laughed. 'Now you'll have to make another robot,' said Kevin.

1	Why is Mad Mack happy?
2	What does it do?
3	What is it doing now?
4	How many things has it done today?
5	Where is it now?
6	What is on the floor of the kitchen?
7	How many things are in the cake?
8	How does the robot speak?
9	Why can't Mad Mack have a piece of cake?
n	What will Mad Mack have to do now?



Lesson 2 A Write these sentences again with the adverbs in brackets.

	_	www.acrasacv.nec
1	Gwen does her homework.	(well, always)
2	She walks to school.	(quickly, usually)
3	She is noisy.	(never)
4	She sings.	(beautifully, often)
5	She speaks to Len.	(angrily, sometimes)
6	She does the washing-up.	(carefully, always)

B Write the words in the correct places.

autumn Christmas cloudy crocodile forecast fox half-term holiday homework January month oryx rain semester September sheep snow term windy wolf

Weather	School	The calendar	Animals
			<u> </u>



- Think of three important dates and write them in your copybook. Then read them to your partner.
- Play a game.
  In your copybook, write as many words as you can in these groups.
- Words that begin with 'w'
- Colours
- Buildings

- Words that rhyme
- Opposites
- Verbs that describe movement, e.g. run

Compare your answers with the rest of the class.

#### Lesson 4

- A Write the sentences correctly.
- 1 really said Khalid surprised I don't believe you
- 2 be quiet said the teacher please take out your pens pencils rubbers workbooks and copybooks



# Read and complete Len's story. www.derasatv.net Write the correct form of the verb in brackets. This morning I (come ) \_\_\_\_\_ downstairs at 8 o'clock. Gwen (help)

1 2)	is morning i (come	, as (, iii taii b a,	o o crociii o ,, cii (iicip)	
Mum make breakfast and Dad (drink)				
	a cup of coffee.			
'I (do)	the washing-up	,' I (say)		
My father (stop) _	drinking	his coffee. 'What (say)	) you?'	
he (ask)	He (not believe) _		_ me.	
'(tidy up)	уои	your room?' asked	Mum. 'And (clean)	
уои	your teeth?'			
'Yes, I (have)	·			
'And (do)	you	your homework?' ask	ed Dad.	
'Yes, I have. Er,	Dad – what (be) _	the weather	like tomorrow?'	
'It (be)	cold and wind	ly,' he (answer)	'Why?'	
'Tom (go)	to the cir	nema and he (ask)	me to go with him.	
Dad (laugh)	'All ri	ght, Len. Here (be) _	your pocket money.'	

- Read this conversation. Think about how to say each sentence. 

  △ △ Then read it aloud.
  - A: Tara! Why are you so happy?
  - B: We're going on holiday!
  - A: That's fantastic! Where to?
  - B: London! Next week!
  - A: My brother has just come back from London. The weather is terrible.
  - B: Oh, no! Are you sure, Sameera?
  - A: Yes, I am.
  - B: Oh, well. It doesn't matter. We'll have lots of fun in London in the rain.

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D 🚓 Play the Whispering Game.

How to play it:

**Student 1:** Think of a short message and say it very quietly (whisper it) to the next student. Say it <u>once only</u>.

Student 2: Whisper the message to student 3.

Student 3: Whisper the message to student 4.

The last student in the group has to say the message aloud.

Student 1: Is it your message?

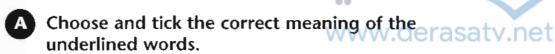
#### Lesson 5 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

Calm down	chased	es	scaped	grabbed	leapt
mess	screame	d	spilled	starving	

1	My mother when she saw a mouse in the garden.
2	My father said, ' It's just a mouse. It won't hurt you.'
3	I haven't eaten anything all day and now I'm
4	When I was eating a sandwich in the park, a big bird flew down and
	it out of my hand.
5	My brother didn't stop to open the gate. He over it.
6	Our dog chased a cat in the garden yesterday, but it up a tree.
7	Oh, dear! I've spilled my lemonade and made a

## DERASATY DEPARTMENT

Lesson 6



1	I'm <u>exhausted</u> . I've worked all day and all night.
	a) very rich b) very hungry c) very tired
2	'No, no!' said Muna. 'I hate chocolate ice cream. I don't want any!'  a) like very much b) eat c) don't like at all
3	Ahmed opened his school <u>atlas</u> and looked at the map of America. He wanted to go there one day.
	a) copybook b) a book of maps c) a book about America
4	Gwen washed the kitchen floor thoroughly. 'Oh, thank you, Gwen,' said her mother. 'It's so clean!'
	a) very well b) very quickly c) very noisily
5	When Len came home late, his father was <u>furious</u> . 'Where have you been?' h shouted. 'It's nearly midnight!'
	a) very happy b) surprised c) very angry
6	'Dad, can I go swimming this afternoon?' asked Len. 'Of course,' he <u>replied</u> . 'But come home before 6 o'clock.'  a) answered b) wrote c) shouted
7	
7	There weren't any strawberries in the shop, so I got bananas <u>instead</u> .  a) then b) in their place c) too
8	The waiter put all our plates and glasses on a tray and took them away.
	a) a kind of table b) menu c) something for carrying things on

B Write your own sentences with the new words.

Use your copybook.

## Read and answer these questions. Say why you have chosen the person.

1	Who is the luckiest boy/girl in your class?

- 2 Who is the friendliest boy/girl in your class?
- 3 Who is the happiest boy/girl in your class?
- 4 Who is the noisiest boy/girl in your class?
- What does Ahmed say? Write these expressions in the correct places.

Never mind. How do you do? Hang on! That's very kind of you. That's a good idea.

- 1 Khalid: Come on, Ahmed! We're late.
  - Ahmed: \_\_\_\_\_ I'm looking for my school bag.
- 2 Khalid: This is Mr Smith. He's from London. He's a friend of my father's.
  - Ahmed: \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 Khalid: Let's go to the amusement park this evening. We can go on the new ride.
  - Ahmed:
- 4 Khalid: Do you want to borrow my skateboard this weekend? I'm going to see my grandfather.
  - Ahmed:
- 5 Khalid: Oh no! I've left my English books at home.
  - Ahmed: \_\_\_\_\_\_. You can borrow mine.





Yassir has started writing his story again. Read the story and underline the information that makes it better.

One day last summer I was in the desert with my friend, Youssef. We were looking for animals. The sun was very strong and it was very hot. It was over 40 degrees. We were both tired, so we were walking slowly. We were also very thirsty and we had to find something to drink. At last we found some water, but it was brown and horrible. We could not drink it. Suddenly we saw a snake near the water. It was black and brown and about half a metre long.

Now finish the story.					
	-				





### A Read the story below. Put words in the gaps to make it more interesting. (The story is true!)

a	man w	as walking in a		park in New York.	
It was summer ar	nd it was a <u>nice</u> :	day. He was nea	r a	lake	
he stopped. He c	ouldn't believe h	nis eyes! There w	as a	crocodile	in
the water. He ph	oned the police	on his	p	hone. He spoke very	
T	he police came	with a	_ boat a	and went up and down the	
lake. One was car	rrying a	rope. Anothe	er <u>got</u> tl	he crocodile by the tail and	
put it into the bo	at. The crocodil	le <u>got</u> out of the	boat _	A lot of people	
were watching. T	hey started to la	ugh	T	he policemen got the	
crocodile again, l	out it <u>went awa</u> y	. Nobody has se	en the	crocodile again.	
<b>B</b> Wr	ite your own	short story.		of the underlined word for a short story.	s.
1 2	or	valking along th		Suddenly, I woke up. et yesterday, I saw	
Pla	an your story t	together. Rem	embe	r all the Writing tips.	
	Which is the be	st story in the cl	ass?		



A

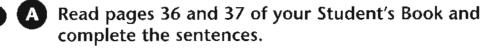
Listen and draw lines from the person to satv.net the country.

Emile •	• Oman
Sultana •	• France
Raji •	• Japan
Yuki •	• India

B Write sentences about the four people.

1	Emile comes fro	m		•
2			 	
3		_		
4				

Lesson 2



Where do they come from?



1 The oranges come from \_\_\_\_\_\_



2 The apples \_\_\_\_\_\_



#### B Read and complete these conversations, w.derasatv.ne

1		
Fuad:	Bill, have	_ England?
Bill:	Yes, I there last ye	ear.
Fuad:	What there?	
Bill:	I went to a	
2		
Tanya:	Bill,	?
Bill:	Yes, I last	month.
Tanya:	:	
Bill:	fort.	

AA Now read the conversations aloud.

#### Lesson 3 A Read and answer the questions about yourself.

Yes =  $\checkmark$  No = x

		You	Your partner
Have you ever	cooked dinner?		
	washed a car?		
	eaten food from Japan? written a poem? seen a ghost? been on a plane? been to England?		
	written a poem?		
	seen a ghost?		
	been on a plane?		
	been to England?		

Now ask your partner.



**B** △△ Make conversations.

• Have you ever been to <u>Lebanon</u>?



O Yes, I have. I went there <u>last year</u>.



No, I haven't. I've never been there.



• What did you do there?



Would you like to go?



O I went shopping and visited the museum.





Yes, I'd love to. No, I'd rather go to <u>Japan</u>.



#### Present perfect and Past simple tenses

O Have you ever been to France? The question asks about any time in the past.

The verb is in the Present perfect tense.

Yes, I went there last year. The answer talks about a definite time in the past.
 The verb is in the Past simple tense.

**&&** Now make different conversations.

Ask about these countries:

England Dubai Bahrain Oman America Canada

Change the <u>underlined</u> words.

Use the correct words from the boxes below to complete the table.

Verb	Past tense	Past participle
eat		
ride		<u> </u>
see		
write		
be		
go		

Past	tense
1 43 L	СШЗС

rode ate wrote went saw was/were

#### Past participle

ridden been gone written eaten seen

22	Talk	with	your	friend
			,	

- Talk about places you have never been to.
  - things you have never done.
  - things you have never eaten.

Now write some sentences.

**Example:** I've never been to South America.

1	 	 	
2			
<b>Z</b>			
3			
4			





#### Making questions

Look at the order of the words in these questions.

Question:

Where does Emile come from?

Answer:

He comes from France.

Now read these answers and write the questions.

Question:

Which countries have you been to?

Answer:

I've been to Kuwait, Bahrain and England.

lue: The underlined words are the most im f the answers.	portant parts
he messages are from <u>Sameera</u> and <u>Mr Abdulla</u> .	_
Thalid was with <u>his mother</u> .	
Zebras come from <u>Africa</u> .	_
Ars Jaber looked at <u>Hanaa's painting</u> .	_
rance is famous for <u>its shops</u> .	_
Incle Rashid waited for <u>Khalid and his father</u> .	

Fuad and Tanya want to learn about other countries.





A Read pages 39 and 40 of your Student's Book and Satvine write notes.

Name of country		Size of population	What they grow	What they make/produce
India				<u> </u>
Oman				
			_	
Japan				<del></del>
France	_		_	
				a rije i

B Use your notes in Exercise A to write about the four countries.					
				_	
				_	
	<u> </u>				



0	Read and answer.	et
	Read and answer.  Read about Adel and Noora. Which countries on pages	100
	39 and 40 of your Student's Book would they like to visit?	

Adel likes animals and climbing mountains. He does not like looking at old buildings or shopping.

He would like to visit \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Noora likes shopping and old buildings. She does not enjoy visiting gardens or doing any kind of sport. She also likes good food.

She \_\_\_\_\_\_

And you?

I like \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_.

I do not like \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_.

Ι\_\_\_\_\_



#### Adjectives

big  $\longrightarrow$  bigger  $\longrightarrow$  biggest BUT

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{beautiful} \longrightarrow \text{more beautiful} \\ \longrightarrow \text{most beautiful} \\ \end{array}$ 

#### Read and complete these sentences.

- 1 The \_\_\_\_\_ interesting building in Iraq is the \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 The \_\_\_\_\_ important industry in Iraq is the \_\_\_\_\_ industry.
- 3 At home I am \_\_\_\_\_ helpful than my \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 Climbing mountains is \_\_\_\_\_ dangerous than \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 The \_\_\_\_\_ beautiful buildings in Iraq are in \_\_\_\_\_.



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Lesson 6 A Complete this table.

cold	colder	coldest
warm		
small	<del></del>	
big	big <b>ger</b>	big <b>gest</b>
hot		
wet		
large	large <b>r</b>	largest
nice		
dry	dr <b>ier</b>	driest
sunny		
rainy		

**B** △△ Ask and answer.

Country	Population in millions	Area in square kilometres	Temperature in July
Oman	1.9	300,000	35°
Japan	170	370,000	25°
India	900	3,100,000	30°
France	55	550,000	20°

Which country is bigger – Oman or Japan?

Which country has a larger population — India or France?

Which country is the biggest?

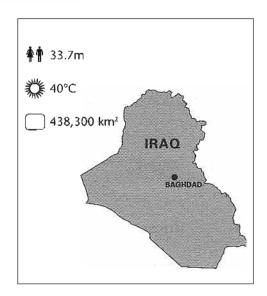
Now make more questions. Use the adjectives in the box.

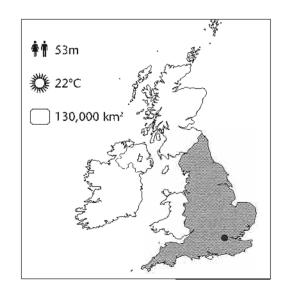
big small large hot cold
--------------------------



C Write six sentences to compare Iraq and England. erasaty.net







1 Iraq is hotter than England.



2 England \_\_\_\_\_\_.



3 Iraq has a \_\_\_\_\_ population \_\_\_\_\_.



4 England \_\_\_\_\_\_.



5 Iraq \_\_\_\_\_\_.



6 England has \_\_\_\_\_\_.





Complete this description of Indonesia.

Use the information on page 41 of your Student's Book and this list.

<b>Area</b> : 1,010	),443 square	kilometres
---------------------	--------------	------------

Population: 195,000,000 Weather: warm and wet

Agriculture: coffee, tea, sugar, rice, pepper, rubber trees

Industry:

volcanoes, beaches, rainforests, temples, mosques Places to visit:

Indonesia is a	country with a	popul	ation. The weather is
and	This is good for		and many people are
farmers. They grow	,,,		,
trees. Th	ney also produce a	nd	
Indonesia is	for its volcanoes. 7	Гће	is Mount
Rinjani. In the rain	you can see b	eautiful	of paradise and
perhaps the ape, a l	big with long	5, red	Indonesia's beaches are
the	in the world. Go s	wimming ar	nd sailing there. You can
visit old	_ and pray at one of the	biggest	
Enjoy you	r stay!		

B Write about a country that you would like to visit. First, make notes. Here are some ideas to help you.

#### Paragraph 1: Write what you know about the country.

- how big it is how many people live there where it is
- what they grow there
   what they make

Paragraph 2: Write about why you would like to visit this country.

• places to go and things to see

_	FG0	_
	OCCON	Q
	Lesson	О

r these questions about	yourself. <sub>\(\)</sub>	.derasatv.	net
	r these questions about	r these questions about yourself. $\!$	r these questions about yourself.w.derasatv.

- 1 Have you ever told a lie? \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 Have you ever been to Lebanon?
- 3 Have you ever lost your purse? \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 Have you ever written to a friend in England?

#### B Write the names of these countries in alphabetical order.

		Arabia Russia Ca a Yemen Spain	
1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8
9	10	11	

- Reorder the words to make correct questions.
  - 1 thinking you what about are?
  - 2 lions come and where do from elephants?
- 3 restaurants have in how many eaten you?
- Write the correct form of the adjectives.
- 1 In Iraq the oil industry is (important) \_\_\_\_\_ than fishing.
- 2 I think that the (beautiful) \_\_\_\_\_ buildings in Iraq are the mosques.

A 🎧 🛭 Listen and draw lines. Answer the question.

Jassim and Rana are shopping in a big food store. They have to find food from other countries for homework. Where does the food come from?

- 1 water
- Indonesia
- chicken
- North America

- rice
- Spain
- pepper
- France
- sugar
- The UAE
- coffee
- India
- strawberries
- Iraq

salt

- South America
- 2 What have Jassim and Rana bought? Tick the correct words.

water	chicken	rice	pepper
sugar	coffee	strawberries	salt

**B** Complete this table.

	wet	wetter	wettest
1	sad		
2	happy		
3	exciting		



#### Read about Spain and complete the table.vw.derasatv.net

Spain is quite a large country and nearly 47 million people live there. It is both industrial and agricultural. The farmers grow a lot of rice, fruit and vegetables. In the towns they make cars, ships, shoes and clothes. Perhaps tourism is the most important industry. Spain has more than 45 million visitors every year.

The best times to visit Spain are in spring and autumn when it is warm and dry. In winter the weather is often cold and snowy, especially in the mountains, and in summer it is very hot. There are many things for visitors to do. There are museums in the big towns and old buildings in the country. One of the most famous is the Al-Hambra in Granada. Millions of people go to Spain to swim off the sandy beaches of the south coast. Others go for the delicious food or, in winter, they go skiing on the snow-covered mountains.

	F	ACTS ABOUT SPAIN
(1)	Population:	
(2)	Agriculture:	
(3)	Industry:	
We	ather	
(4)	Spring and autumn:	
(5)	Summer:	
(6)	Winter:	
(7)	Places to visit	
	and things to do:	

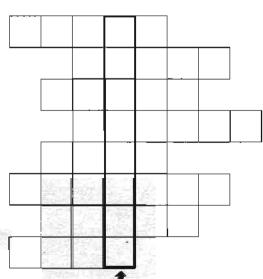
1 Title 2 Characters	
3 What it is about	
4 Why I liked/didn't like the story	
5 New words	

#### Extra activities

#### A Find the odd one out. Circle the word.

1	Germany	India	France	Scotland
2	pepper	oil	cotton	vegetables
3	rocket	car	rubber	plane
4	volcano	fort	temple	shed

- **B** △△ Talk about your answers. Does your partner agree?
- Write the past participles of the verbs in the word tree.
- 1 SWEEP
- 2 EAT
- 3 TAKE
- 4 RIDE
- 5 LOSE
- 6 WRITE
- 7 HEAR
- 8 SEE





D		www.derasatv.ne
	Look at Jassim's answers and use the	e words in brackets.
	Jassim is writing a letter.	

1	Heba:	Who	? (you/write)
	Jassim:	I'm writing to my friend in	London.
2			? (you/write)
	Jassim:	I'm writing about the eleph	ants in the zoo.
3	Heba:	Where	? (elephants/come)
	Jassim:	Elephants? They come from	n Africa and India.
3	Write	two short paragraphs ab	out Iraq.
Pa	ragraph	<ul><li>Describe Iraq.</li><li>how big it is</li><li>how many people live</li></ul>	what they grow there there    what they make
Pa	ragraph	2: Write about what visitors	can see and do in Iraq.





A Read the letter on page 44 of your Student's Book quickly. Match the three main paragraphs to these phrases and complete the sentences.

	what Japan is like Yuki and his house things to do in Japan
	Paragraph 1 is about
	Paragraph 2 is about
	Paragraph 3 is about
_	
В	Read the letter more carefully and answer these questions. Write notes.
1	What do you know about Yuki?
	Name:
	Age:
	Nationality:
	Town:
	Likes/interests:
2	What is Japan like?
	Size:
	Things that make it beautiful:
	Weather – in summer:
	– in winter:
3	What can visitors do in Japan?





Look at Yuki's letter on page 44 again. Find sentences with the following link words and phrases. Write the sentences.

	1 and 2 but 3 because 4 or 5 as well as
В	Use the linking words and phrases to complete the sentences below.
	sentences below.
1	Use to link two ideas of different kinds.
2	Use to give a reason for something.
3	Use when you can choose between two things.
4	Use to link two ideas of the same kind.
5	Use to include extra choices in a list.
	Name as more than the same as a transfer of the state of
G	Now complete these sentences. Use each of the five link words or expressions once only.
	•
The ca	r won't start. There isn't any petrol in it.
I bough	ht a watch for Nadia. I bought a sweater for Amna.
	<del></del>
There :	are birds and insects in the zoo. There are also large animals like tiger



5 Do you like the red shirt? Do you like the blue one better?

0



#### **Nationalities**

Words for nationalities are adjectives. We usually make them by changing the name of the country the person belongs to.

**Examples:** A person from Japan has *Japanese* nationality.

A person from France has French nationality.

Sometimes the adjective is completely different.

**Example:** A person from Holland has *Dutch* nationality.

We often use these letters to make the adjectives: i, ian, an, n, ish.

#### AA Make nationalities.

-i	-ian, -an, -n	-ish
Iraq –	Canada –	England –
Bahrain —	Italy –	Spain –
Oman –	India –	Ireland –
Yemen –	Palestine –	Turkey –
Pakistan –	America –	Sweden –
Qatar –	Germany –	Scotland –

😭 🛮 Listen and check your answers. Then say the words.

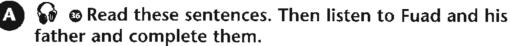


- Imagine Yuki is your pen-friend. Write a reply to his letter in your copybook. Follow these steps.
  - 1 Follow the plan of Yuki's letter. Look back at SB44.
  - 2 What will you tell Yuki in each paragraph? Write notes.
  - 3 Write a draft letter.
  - 4 Check and correct your spelling, punctuation and grammar.
  - 5 Read your letter to your partner. Can you make it better?
  - 6 Write your final copy in your best handwriting. Remember to write your address and the date.

#### Read SB45. Write short answers to these questions.

1	What nationality do you think Samar and Dana are?
2	In which countries can you find pen-friends?
3	Where did Samar get the photographs of Canada?
4	Why did Dana ask for the name of the magazine?

#### Lesson 4



1	Fuad and his father are going to
2	They will go on the
3	They will fly to
4	They will be there for
5	They will fly on
6	The flight will take about







# B 🞧 🛭 Listen and answer the question. W. derasatv.ne

Fuad	wrote	to \	⁄uki	and,	two	weeks	later,	hę	had	а	reply.
Now	Fuad i	s tel	lling	his 1	father	about	t Yuki'	s le	tter.		

Will Fuad meet Yuki in Japan? \_\_\_\_\_

#### Now read these sentences. Then listen again and write notes.

Some sentences are wrong. Write a cross next to them and make a note of the right answer.

Some are right, but not complete. Make a note of the extra points.

- Yuki's parents will meet them at the airport. 1
- Yuki will stay in a hotel. 2
- 3 Fuad and his father will stay there too.
- Fuad's father is going to Japan for a holiday. 4
- Yuki told Fuad which clothes to bring. 5
- Fuad will give Yuki a present. 6

**AB** What clothes do you think Fuad will need?

- Find words in Yuki's description on page 46 of your Student's Book that mean the following:
  - 2 father and mother \_\_\_\_\_ know 1
  - a Japanese dress \_\_\_\_\_ 3



O



## The Future continuous tense

Study these examples and complete the rule below.

- 1 I will be wearing a T-shirt.
- 2 Don't phone Rami between 7 and 8 o'clock tonight. He will be doing his homework.

Rule: To make the Future continuous tense, use \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_ + verb with \_\_\_\_\_.

# Now answer these questions.

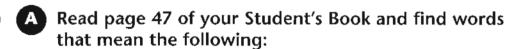
- 1 What will you be doing between 7 and 8 o'clock tonight?
- 2 What will you be doing between midnight and 6 o'clock tomorrow morning?
  - **E** Write a description.

Imagine your pen-friend is coming to visit you. You and your parents are going to meet him or her at the airport.

Write a description so that your friend will recognize you.

Remember! Look back at the Writing tips. (Use your copybook.)

# Lesson 5



1	while they were driving to the house	
2	saw	3 new to him
4	the opposite of 'modern'	5 names and notices
6	did not know the meaning of	
7	the other people (in Yuki's family)	8 frightened by



# B Answer these questions about the text on page 47 of your Student's Book.

1	What wa	as the first s	trange	thing tha	it Fuac	l noticed	ł?			100117
2		these peop	Ŭ	C						
		litsubishi _				_				
	b) Giro									
3	Who is									
	a) the ta	llest person	in Yu	ki's family	y?					
	b) the yo	oungest?	_							
	G	Label the	pict	ures.						
	D	Compare Use the co					-	omplete	the se	Yuki  Puki  Puki
		young	tall	plump	bia	small	short	old		
	77.1	. ,								
1	Yuki is _	t	han G	iro, but _		tha	ın Reik	0.		
2	Mrs On	o is		and		_ than N	Mr Onc	).		
3	Mr Mits	subishi is _		th:	an Mi	Ono.				
4	Reiko is	the		erson in	the fai	mily and	Mr Mi	itsubishi	is the _	



Read pages 48 and 49 of your Student's Book and tick the true statements.

Put a tick in column 1 if it is true for Japan. Put a tick in column 2 if it is true for Iraq.

			Japan	Iraq
1	People kneel on the	floor when they eat.		
2	People sometimes sit	t on the floor when they eat.		
3	People always cook f	fish.		
4	People always cook 1	meat.		
5	People sometimes ea	t with knives, forks and spoons.		
В	Complete these s Use always, someti	entences about Japan. imes or never.		
1	People	kneel on the floor when they e	at.	
2	People	sit on the floor when they eat.		
3	People	eat with chopsticks.		
4	People	use knives, forks and spoons.		
5	People	eat raw fish.		
6	People	cook meat.		
3	_	in Exercises A and B to wr	ite abou	ıt the
		een Japan and Iraq.		
1	In Japan, people alw	ays		
	but in Iraq, we			·
2				
3				



- The Questions. Write notes.
  - 1 Where is Mustafa on holiday? \_\_\_\_\_\_
  - 2 Where does he come from? \_\_\_\_\_

# Listen again and answer these questions.

- 3 What famous places has he visited? \_\_\_\_
- 4 What does he say about French food?
- 5 What has he bought?
- B Write a postcard in your copybook.

Imagine you are a visitor on holiday in Iraq. Write a postcard to a friend in another country.

Here are some things you can write about, but you can use your own ideas. These are not in order.



- a) when you arrived
- b) where you are staying hotel? with friends?
- c) the weather too hot? too cold? just right?
- d) the people
- e) the food
- f) things you have done anything strange, new?

# Writing tip 4

When you write a postcard or a letter, try to make it interesting for the reader.

- Try to think of things that will be interesting to the reader.
- Try to make your reader laugh or smile.
- Write about your own feelings.

Unit 6



# A && Read and talk – Student A www.derasatv.net

1	I hear that you're going to Japan. India.
2	
3	How long are you   staying? going for?
4	
5	Great! Are you staying in a hotel? Fantastic!
6	
7	Oh, that will be interesting. What will you do there? nice.
8	
9	You're very lucky. I'd love to go to   Japan. India.
10	

Now make different conversations.



A Read and talk – Student B

# www.derasatv.ne

1	
2	Yes, I'm leaving in   August.   June.
3	
4	For two weeks.
5	
6	No, I'm staying with my pen-friend's family. friends. Yes, I am.
7	
8	I want to visit lots of different places. see everything.
9	
10	Yes.   I'm really looking forward to it.   I can't wait to go.

Now make different conversations.



# **B** Describe these two men.

1 Tom





1	Tom
2	Mike
a) b)	rite three sentences saying what you will be doing at 7 o'clock this evening. what you will be doing on Friday. what you think you will be doing when you are 25 years old.

1

2

3

Tisten to two men, Jim and Tom, talking. Write short answers to questions 1 to 4.

1	W/h !- I' ! 1: 1 3
1	Where is Jim going on holiday?
2	Why won't he go in the summer?
3	What are the best months to go?
4	Why does he like taking his children to Italian restaurants?
Tic	k the things Jim will do in Italy.
5	In Italy Jim will  go to museums.  go to the cinema.  eat lots of fish.  eat lots of pizzas.  go climbing.  go swimming.
sson	1 Title
	2 Characters
	3 What it is about
	4 Why I liked/didn't like the story
	5 New words





Which words go together? Choose the correct words net from the box and write them in the spaces below.

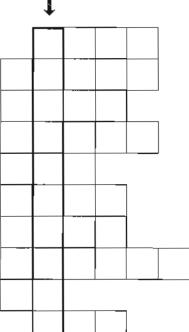
	magazine	postcard	camera	kn	eel	airport	lake
1	photograp	hs		2	pla	ne	
3	advertize _		_	4	boa	ıt	
5	holiday			6	sit		_

Fill in this word tree.

Where do people use these?

1

- 1 The opposite of 'hot'.
- It's between 2 and 4. 2
- Smaller than a city, bigger than a village. 3
- 4 The fourth month of the year.
- 5 When you use a question, you ...
- The opposite of 'start'. 6
- They live in the sea.
- 8 You're in it now.
- Yes. I agree. 9
- It gives us light and heat. 10



Find the odd one out. Circle the word.

1	uncle	brother	friend	sister
2	jacket	glasses	T-shirt	kimono
3	book	copybook	magazine	radio
4	snow	mountain	lake	river
5	town	village	beach	city
6	knife	cup	fork	spoon

AA Check your answers with your partner.



kimono

plump

D Complete the sentences with the correct words.

arrivals hall

postcard

chopsticks

1

2

3

4

5

6

3

4

uncle

We mee	et people coming off a plane in the
Some Ja	apanese women wear a traditional Japanese dress called a
If some	body is a bit fat, it is nicer to say he is
People	eat with in Japan.
Α	usually has a picture and a stamp on it.
Му	is my father's or my mother's brother.
<b>(3</b>	Join these sentences together using suitable link words or phrases. You may have to leave out some words in
	the second sentences.
1	·

Vegetarians eat rice and fish. They eat eggs, fruit and vegetables too.

She won't talk to me. She won't phone me.



# Read and answer the questions. Write short answers.

Amal has a pen-friend called Kate. Kate lives in Washington, the capital city of America. Last month, she visited Amal and her family. Amal, her mother and her young sister were at Baghdad Airport to meet Kate. Amal's father was not there because he was working. They drove to Amal's house. Amal and her mother cooked an evening meal. They cooked rice, fish and vegetables. They did not cook any meat because Kate is a vegetarian. That means she does not eat meat.

Kate's pastimes are taking photographs and collecting pictures of birds. The next day, Friday, Amal's father took the two girls out in his car looking for birds. Kate was very happy because she got lots of photographs of birds that live in Iraq but don't live in America.

Amal took Kate to Zawraa Park and to the National Museum. Kate really liked the museum. In particular, she liked the old jewellery and the statues. She took photographs of them, of course.

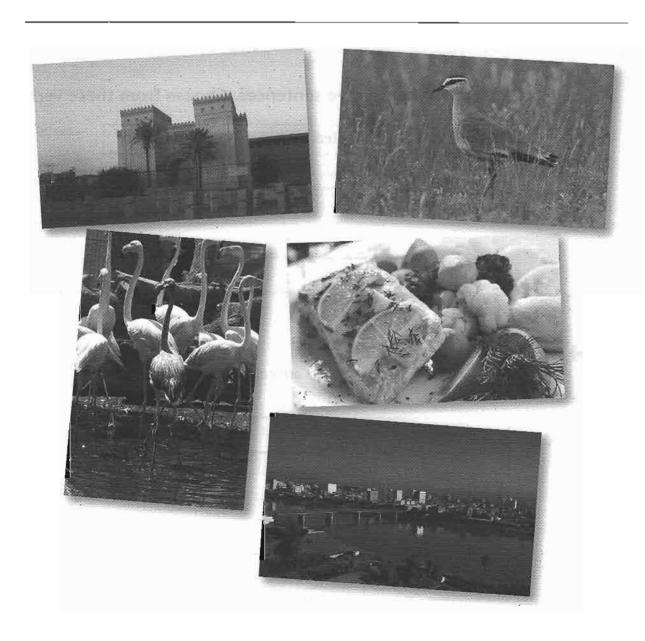
Kate had a wonderful time in Iraq. She came to Iraq for two weeks, but she stayed for three weeks. Next year, Amal and her mother will visit Kate's family in America. Amal is very excited about this.

1	What nationality is Kate?
2	How many people met Kate at the airport?
3	Why didn't Amal's father go to the airport?
4	What month did Kate arrive in Iraq?
5	Why didn't they have meat for dinner?
6	What were Amal's father, Amal and Kate looking for?
7	Which place in Iraq did Kate really like?
8	What did she photograph?
9	How long did Kate stay in Iraq?
10	Who will travel to America with Amal?



Write a postcard home.

Imagine you are Kate. Write a postcard from Iraq to your family.







#### Imperative sentences

You can use the imperative to give instructions, orders and warnings.

The imperative is the base form, the infinitive, of a verb.

**Examples:** 

Instruction:

Mix two eggs with the flour and water.

Order:

Come here.

Come here, please. (This is more polite)

Warning:

Look both ways before you cross the road.

To make a negative imperative, use **Do not (Don't)** or **Never** before the infinitive.

**Examples:** 

Don't talk, please.

Never do that again.

# Write four imperative sentences. Choose from these verbs.

give	go	look	listen	keep	do	eat	drink	
							77	
-							•	-
_						4		

### Lesson 2



# Complete the table.

These words with self added are called reflexive pronouns.

singular	plural
myself	ourselves
your	your
him	them
her	

B	Why are the things in box 1 dangerous for children? Write sentences. Use the verbs in box 2.	J I
	Write sentences. Use the verbs in box 2.	

box 1	glass matches medicine plastic bags knives and scissors pools
box 2	burn cut drown make sick kill
	1 Glass can cut them.
	2
	3
	4
	5
	6
	0
esson 3	Complete these conversations about the posters on page of your Student's Book.
esson 3	
esson 3	of your Student's Book.
esson 3	of your Student's Book.  Warnings  Use always for positive warnings.
esson 3	Warnings Use always for positive warnings. Use never for negative warnings.
esson 3	Of your Student's Book.  Warnings  Use always for positive warnings. Use never for negative warnings.  1 Never let children play with matches.
esson 3	Of your Student's Book.  Warnings  Use always for positive warnings. Use never for negative warnings.  Never let children play with matches.  Why not?
esson 3	Warnings  Use always for positive warnings. Use never for negative warnings.  1 Never let children play with matches.  O Why not?  They'll burn themselves.



	<ul><li>O</li><li>● Thev'll</li></ul>		
,	● They'll		
,	, <del></del>	themselves.	
7	5 •		in pools alone.
	0		
	•		
(	6 ● Always keep 1	plastic bags	
	O		
	•		
	Answer these que of your Student's		conversation on p
Do Ahme	ed and Khalid want	to buy a boat?	
Mazin say	vs fishing is dangerou	ıs. What does he say	y can happen?
a)			
b)			
	ys fishing is dangerou	ıs. What does he say	





A Write three 'if' sentences with these words from the conversation on page 56 of your Student's Book. Don't look at the page!

1	boat sinks, swim	If the boat sinks, we'll swim.
2	get lost, use compass	
3	motor stops, row	
4	take me, give everything free	
	Now check your	answers on page 56 of your Student's Book
	I	e are talking about something that may happen ture. These sentences have two <b>clauses</b> – two
	If I miss the fir	Result st bus, I <b>will take</b> the next one.
	Rule: With if so	ces you wrote and complete this rule. entences, we use the tense in nd + infinitive in the result clause.
		if sentences with the result clause first. will take the next bus if we miss the first one.

What difference can you see?



# Complete these sentences with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets.

1	If (get) I hungry, I (cook) a meal.
2	If you (go) to bed late, you (be) tired.
3	My mother (take) a message if I (be) out.
4	If we (not hurry), we (be) late.
5	I (ask) Raed to come to the party if he (phone) me tonight.

# Choose suitable words to complete this conversation.

Tom wants to play football. His friend, John, is not sure because the weather looks bad.

John:	What we do if it rains?
Tom:	If it rains, we'll get, but that doesn't matter.
John:	I can't find my football boots. I've them.
Tom:	Don't worry. If you Jim, he will you his boots.
John:	Jim's boots are small. They'll hurt my
Tom:	Do you to play football or not?
John:	Yes, I
Tom:	OK. Let's

&& Now read the conversation.





A AA Make conversations.



What will we do if we get cold?



Don't worry. If we get cold, we'll put on our warm clothes.



# Student A: Use these phrases to ask more questions.

get lost get sick the motor stops the boat sinks

## Student B: Use these phrases to answer the questions.

use the compass use the oars take some medicine swim

# **B** Write three questions and answers.

1	● What will we do if	?
	O Don't worry. If	·
2	•	
	O	
3	•	
	0	



# Complete these sentences using the correct endings from those below.

1	If Nadia gets a letter from her pen-friend,
2	If the boys lose the match,
	She'll burn herself
4	If the motor stops,
5	They'll have an accident

if she falls into the bath. she'll be very happy. if they ride two on a bicycle. they won't like it. they'll use the oars.

### Lesson 7

# A Read and talk – Student A

1	I've heard that Rashid   hurt himself. has had an accident.
3	Is he   bad? OK?
5	What happened? did he do?
7	Where   did this happen? How
9	Where is Rashid now? Did he go to hospital?

Now make different conversations.



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# A Read and talk – Student B

2	Yes, he did. he has.
4	Not too bad. No, he isn't.
6	He cut himself with a knife. burned himself.
8	He was taking a bath. The water was too hot. In the kitchen. He was cutting meat.
10	Yes. They kept him in hospital overnight. He's at home.

## Now make different conversations.

- **B** Write warnings about these things.
- children playing in the kitchen 1
- plastic bags and children 2
- 3 matches and children



Wr	Read and match these warnings to the of your Student's Book. ite the number of the picture next to each	10010000111100
1	Never drive too fast.	
2	Always keep your hands on the handlebars.	
3	Always hold a child's hand on a busy street.	
4	Always cycle on the correct side of the street.	
5	Never play in the street.	
6	Never ride with two people on one bicycle.	
7	Always wear seat belts in a car.	
8	Always use a zebra crossing.	
9	Never let a child stand up in a car.	
10	Never run across the street.	
В	Write a paragraph about one of the pic your Student's Book.	tures on page 58 o

- C S tisten to the conversation between two women. Tick the best answer.
  - 1 Are the women (a) at home (b) in the street (c) in a shop?
  - 2 Are they talking about (a) shopping (b) a lost boy (c) dresses?

# Now listen again and write notes to answer these questions.

3	What did Fareed's mother want to buy?
4	Where did she put Fareed?
5	What did she say to Fareed?
6	Where did Fareed go?
7	How did Fareed's mother feel?
8	Did he have an accident?
9	Who found him?
10	Was his mother angry?
D	Read and complete these sentences.
1	when you cross the road.
2	Always wear a seat belt when
3	Never play with a ball
A	
1	Huda thinks Nader is driving
2	Nader thinks he is driving
3	If they don't drive slowly, they will have
4	Fareed is not wearing his
5	Two boys are riding on the side of the road.
6	Nader stops at a
7	Nader told another boy to walk
8	When they get to the beach, they will have

Lesson 9



В	Write words that mean the same as the expressions below.
1	Things you light a fire with.
2	By yourself with nobody there.
3	You can row a boat with these.
4	You get it from a doctor when you are sick.
5	Always wear this in a car.
6	You can use it when you are lost.
3	Complete the sentences using the correct form of self.
1	We always enjoy when we go on a picnic.
2	I fell down the stairs and hurt
3	Nadia had some money, so she bought a CD player.
4	You will make sick if you eat all those sweets.
D	Use suitable words to complete these sentences.
1	let young children play with plastic bags.
2	wash your hands before you eat.
3	keep medicine out of the reach of children.
4	run across the road.



1 Title	www.derasaty.n
2 Characters	
3 What it is about	
4 Why I liked/didn't like the story	
5 New words	

#### Extra activities

1

the was

on

# A Tick the correct words in these sentences.

1 We need some flour flower to make bread.

there road accident

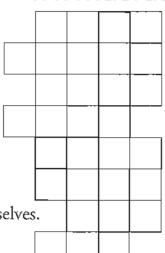
- 2 I see saw an accident last Tuesday.
- 3 Don't right write words in this space.
- 4 You need hours oars to row a boat.
- 5 Have you seen see my friend?
- **B** Put these words in order to make sentences. Use the correct punctuation.
- 2 holiday away go will on you

  3 in enjoyed boys park themselves the the
- 4 do car will start what won't if you the



# C Fill in this word tree.

- 1 The opposite of slow.
- 2 It tells you the time.
- 3 Two is a ...
- 4 Use them to row a boat.
- 5 You need a compass when you're ...
- 6 You do this with your eyes.
- 7 Young children do this when they hurt themselves.
- 8 It carries a lot of people.



You can cut things with these.

# Complete these sentences with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets.

1	If the weather (be) bad, we (stay) in and watch TV.	
2	We (not be) on time if we (not leave) now.	
3	Jassim (buy) a new motor bike if he (get) the money.	
4	If Fadi (be) late, his teacher (not be) happy.	
5	If they (play) in the street, they (have) an accident.	
6	Their father (take) them for a swim if they (want) to go	`

Read about an accident and answer the questions.

Use short answers.

Yesterday evening, there was an accident on Al Rasheed Street. Four boys were playing with a ball on the pavement. One of the boys kicked the ball and it went into the road. Another boy ran after it. He didn't look where he was going. Suddenly, a car came round the corner. Luckily, the driver was driving slowly, but he couldn't stop in time. The car hit the boy and knocked him down. The man jumped out of the car and a crowd of people quickly arrived. They picked the boy up. He was crying, but fortunately, he was not badly hurt. The driver was very worried.

'There was nothing I could do,' he said. 'He ran out in front of me.' 'You're right,' said a woman. 'I saw what happened.'

'It wasn't my fault,' said the man.

'No, it wasn't,' said the woman. 'You were driving carefully.'

1	When did the accident happen?
2	Where were the boys playing?
3	How many boys were there?
4	Where did the ball go?
5	Did the boy look where he was going?
6	What hit the boy?
7	Was the driver careful or careless?
8	How do you know?
9	How did the driver feel?
10	Was the boy really hurt?



 Write opposites of these words.
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 1 traditional \_\_\_\_\_\_
 2 thin \_\_\_\_\_\_

 3 raw \_\_\_\_\_\_
 4 cool \_\_\_\_\_\_

- B Now use the eight words in four sentences.

  Write them in your copybook. When you finish, read them to your partner.
- Read these definitions and write the words.

1	It is something you can read, not a book or a newspaper.
2	Cyclists hold on to these
3	Something to wear when you are on a boat
4	If a boat doesn't have an engine, you can use these.
5	Trousers and a jacket for a man
6	Doctors give you this if you are sick

Reorder the words to make questions.

Don't forget the punctuation.

ever have camel ridden you a

1

- 2 apes do live the where
  3 in do japan what they make
- 4 answered letter why jassim my hasn't
- 5 hotter which summer italy is india in or

med: No, we're not going to New York this year. We're going to India							
Khalid: Ahmed: We'll be there for two weeks.							
ied: No. t	his will be the first time						
	Girl or boy?	Age					
	_						
	_						
	_						
Now ans	wer these questions	about the t	exts.				
	wer these questions  e youngest of the four p						
Who is the	·	eople?					
Who is the	youngest of the four p	eople?					
Who is the Who is the Why can b	youngest of the four p	eople?					
Who is the Who is the Why can b	e youngest of the four pe oldest?ooys not write to Rona?	eople?					
Who is the Who is the Why can b Why does How man	e youngest of the four perole oldest?eoys not write to Rona? Josh want to be sixteen?	eople?  Hans' family? _					

a) extra b) electronic c) electric

Lesson 3



					_						
<b>G</b>	2	Which	of these	four	people	would	you	write	to.	W	hy

A Write an advertisement for a pen-friend in your copybook.

What information will you give? Look back at Lesson 3 and make notes. Then write a draft advertisement. Don't forget all the Writing tips.

B Complete each sentence with the correct tense of the verb in brackets.

We (meet) at San	neera's house at seven o'clock this e	vening.			
I (see) my friend every evening after school.					
I (see) Mazin on the beach	n two hours ago. He (fish)	<del></del>			
You (recognize)	me when you see me because				
I (carry) a b	lue and green suitcase.				
I' (write) this	letter five times and it's still not rig	ght.			
When the phone (ring),	I (wash) ti	he dishes.			
We are on holiday in Oman and we	e (enjoy) ourselves v	ery much			
I'm very tired. I went to bed very la					
I tried to cook some chicken. I didn	i't know what to do. It was horrible				
Do you want to buy a computer? D					
Do you want to buy a computer? D	o you want to buy a CD player?				





A 🎧 🔊 Listen to a story and number the pictures in the correct order.





# Read and complete the story with verbs from the box below. Use the correct forms.

When Jo	hn opei	ned his ey	es this mo	orning, the	e sun was s	hining	bright	ly. He
great. He	:	ou	t of bed a	nd	dressed qu	ickly.	Then l	ne
breakfast	. After 1	hat, he _		'Goodbye	to his wife	and _		slowly
to the bu	s stop.	On the w	ay, he	at	everybody	he		'Good
morning.	Lovely	day!' he		_·				
Sudde	nly, in a	a shop wii	ndow, he		_ this adve	rtisem	ent:	
		Sı	pecial off	er! Cheap	trips to Ir	ndia!		
'India! I'v	e alway	7S	to	go there,	John		and	d he
	to	dream abo	out elepha	ants and t	igers. He _			_ all about his
bus. Whe	en he tu	ırned roui	nd, the bu	ıs			_ away	from the stop.
Не	;	after it sho	outing, bu	ıt the driv	er	_ not		· · ·
'Oh, c	lear. No	w I'll be l	ate for we	ork,' John			sadly.	'Some days
begin bet	ter than	n they fini	sh.'					
	say run read	smile want start	feel think walk	1	jump forget do			

# C Complete these sentences with suitable endings. Write them in your copybook.

begin

eat

- If the bus doesn't come soon, 1
- 2 If it isn't windy at the weekend,

get

3 I'll be very angry if

move

see

I'll tell you tomorrow if 4



Answer these questions about the story on page 64 of your Student's Book. Write short answers.

#### Reading tip 4

You won't always find the exact information you need in a text.

- Go to the place in the text where the information must be.
- Read that part more carefully and try to work out the answer.

1 How many times has the writer been to Duhok?	1	How many	times has	the writer	been to Duhok?	
--	---	----------	-----------	------------	----------------	--

- 2 Why did the writer get out of his car?
- 3 Why did he step back? \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 How did the writer feel? How do you know?
- 5 Why could the writer not stop falling? \_\_\_\_\_
- B Now read the rest of the story and answer the questions.



I opened my eyes. I couldn't move my left arm and my head hurt, but I was alive. Where was I? Just then, a voice said, 'Hello, Mr Ammaar. Welcome to our hospital.'

'You speak Arabic!' I said to the nurse.

'Of course! Most of the Kurds speak Arabic,' she replied.

'Oh, good!' I thought. My head felt better already. 'How did I get here?' I asked, 'and what's happened to my car?'

'You came here by ambulance,' she said, 'and your car is in the hospital car park.'

I was delighted and wanted to go home, but the doctors said I couldn't leave for a few days. They were worried about my head. They kept me in hospital for a week. Then a friend came over from Al-Anbar and drove me home. That was eight months ago. I'm going back to Duhok next summer, so I've started learning a new language.



1	Where did the writer wake up?	<del>www</del> .derasatv.ne
2	Why did his head feel better very quickly? _	
3	What did the writer want to do?	
4	How long did he stay in hospital?	
5	How did he get back to Al-Anbar?	

What language do you think he is learning now?

C && Work out the meaning of these words from the story. Remember Reading tip 1.

scenery barking rushing steep dead agony Calm down! alive delighted

Lesson 7

A

AB This is what happened to Bob when he went to work one day. Talk about the pictures with your partner.

1



2



3



4



5



6



What happened next?

B Write the story in your copybook. Remember all the Writing tips!

# **Transcript**

# DERASATY JES

#### **Unit 1 Lesson 1**

#### Q 1

Presenter: Band 1

Ahmed: Did you go away in the

holidays?

Faisal: Yes, I went to a village by

the river.

Ahmed: What did you do there?

Faisal: Oh, I went swimming every

day. And I went fishing. It

was great!

Presenter: Band 2

Rasha: Did you go away in the

holidays?

Huda: No, Muna and I stayed at

home.

Rasha: What did you do all the

time?

Huda: Oh, lots of things. I saw my

friends every day. And I made some clothes.

Rasha: And what did you do,

Muna?

Muna: Not very much. I got up

late every day. And I read lots of books. Oh. and I

learned to cook.

#### **Unit 1 Lesson 2**

### **₽** 2

Presenter: Richard went to Iraq in the holidays. He took these photographs and put them in his scrapbook. He is telling a friend about his holiday. Listen. Richard: I went to Iraq with my family in the holidays. I took lots of photos and I've put some in my scrapbook.

We arrived in Baghdad at night, so we just went to

bed in our hotel.

Next day, we toured the city. In the afternoon, there was a football match at Al-Shaab Stadium. My father, my sisters and I really enjoyed the game.

The players were fantastic! My mother didn't like it so

much!

After a few days in Baghdad, we took a coach down to the historical site of Ur. A long time ago, this was the capital of the ancient Sumerian people. It's famous as the birthplace of Prophet Abraham (PBUH). The ziggurat is huge! It's about 21 metres high. No wonder it's one of the most famous monuments in the world! On Wednesday, we took a car across to the marshes. The boat trip was quite

to sit still but it was hard to! We saw birds we'd never seen before – flamingos and herons and pelicans. The next day, we travelled

exciting. My mother told us

to Erbil. It was a long journey and my sisters were fed up. On Friday morning we looked around

fed up! Shopping is so boring! I liked the Citadel, though. The yellow stone is so bright in the sunshine. It is very high up, and the view is amazing. For our last trip we went to Hatra. We staved at a hotel in the middle of the ruins. Hatra used to be a great city. It was a very important place in many civilizations. The old temples are still beautiful. I'll never forget Hatra, or the other wonderful places we visited.

the markets. Then I was

#### Unit 1 Lesson 4



Presenter: Whose scrapbooks are these? Band 1. Listen and check your answers.

Voice: Number 1 is Amna's.

Number 2 is Muna's.

Number 3 is Maysam's.

Number 4 is Rashid's.

Number 5 is Jassim's.

Number 6 is Adel's.

#### Presenter: Band 2. Listen and read.

Maysam: I'm Maysam. In my spare time, I like finding out about other countries. I have lots of pictures and stamps. I ask everyone to keep their stamps for me. Scrapbook 3 is mine.

Adel: I'm Adel. Some day, I want to go to Africa. Then I can take my own photos of the animals. For now, I have to look for pictures and cut them out. Scrapbook 6 is mine.

Rashid: I'm Rashid. I want to be a pilot. I'm very interested in planes and flying, so you can guess what I collect.
Scrapbook 4 is mine.

Amna: I'm Amna. I enjoy collecting pictures of plants and flowers from around the world. I love the colours and the shapes.

Scrapbook 1 is mine.

Muna: I'm Muna. I'm interested in birds. In my spare time, I take photos. Then I try to find out the names of the birds. Scrapbook 2 is mine.

Jassim: I'm Jassim. I play it. I
watch it on television. I go
to matches. So you know
whose pictures I collect.
Scrapbook 5 is mine.

#### Unit 1 Lesson 5

## **4**

Presenter: Band 1. Listen and repeat the words.

Voice: always [PAUSE] usually
[PAUSE] often [PAUSE]
sometimes [PAUSE] never

#### Presenter: Band 2. Listen and read.

Male voice: My father always has a rest after lunch.

I usually do my homework after lunch.

I never have a rest in the afternoon.

I often watch television for an hour.

Then my brother and i sometimes play a game. Of course, Fridays are different.

We are never at home. We usually go to Friday prayers.

We always go to our grandparents' house after.

Adel: Do you have many?

Rashid: I have lots of them.

Adel: But why ruins?

Rashid: I like them.

#### 6

### Presenter: Can you say this short rhyme? Listen.

She sells sea shells on the sea shore. The shells she sells are sea shells, I'm sure.

#### Unit 1 Lesson 7

7 is the text on SB10.

#### Unit 1 Lesson 6

#### **№** 5

### Presenter: Rashid's scrapbook. Band 1. Listen and check your answers.

1d; 2f; 3b; 4e; 5g; 6a; 7c

#### **Unit 1 Lesson 10**

• 8 is the story on SB13.

### Presenter: Band 2. Listen to the conversation.

Adel: Hello, Rashid. Rashid: Oh, hi, Adel.

Adel: Do you want to come to

the Mall?

Rashid: No, thanks.

Adel: What are you doing?

Rashid: I'm putting some

photographs in my

scrapbook.

Adel: Photographs of what?

Rashid: Historical sites in Iraq. Adel: Where do you get the

photographs?

Rashid: I visit different cities and

take pictures of ruins.

#### Unit 1 Extra activities

#### Q 9

### Presenter: Listen to Sara talking about her holidays. Write notes.

Sara: I enjoyed my holidays very much. I didn't go away, but my friend, Sameera, came and stayed with me. She lives in Abu Dhabi. We're the same age – thirteen. I visited her last year. Sameera came to Iraq when she was seven – a long time ago! So we took her to all the lovely places we have in Iraq. We went to the museum and Sameera said it was very interesting. One

weekend, we went to Hatra. Sameera loved that. She said it was a fantastic place. Sometimes in the evenings, we went walking along the river with my parents. We thought it was beautiful, and Sameera said it was too. And afterwards we had dinner in a restaurant. Mmm – we had delicious food!

# Unit 2 Lesson 5

#### 15

### Presenter: Listen and write the dates.

Jack's birthday is the eighteenth of March.

Yassir's birthday is the twenty-first of November.

Sara's birthday is the twenty-second of July.

Simon's birthday is the sixth of February. Susan's birthday is the nineteenth of April. Ramzi's birthday is the ninth of August.

#### Unit 2 Lesson 1

#### • 10 is the text at the top of SB14.

#### $\mathbf{\hat{w}}$ 11 is the weather forecast on SB14.

#### **Unit 2 Lesson 3**

#### **12**

#### Presenter:The months of the year. Listen and repeat.

Voice: January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November, December

• 13 is the poem on SB15.

#### Unit 2 Lesson 4

• 14 is the rhyme on SB16.

#### Unit 2 Lesson 8

#### **16**

### Presenter: Eid al-Fitr. Listen and look at the pictures.

Simon: What's Eid al-Fitr?
Yassir: My father will tell you.
Come and meet him.
(footsteps) Dad, this is
Simon. From England.

Father: How do you do?
Simon: How do you do?

Yassir: Simon wants to know about Eid al-Fitr, Dad.

Father: Ah -- Eid al-Fitr. Well, first of all, do you know about the holy month of Ramadan?

Simon: No, I'm afraid I don't.

Father: Ramadan is the name of

the month when Muslims fast. We don't eat or drink anything in the daytime. We fast from dawn when the sun rises until dusk when the sun sets. Even the restaurants are closed.

No cafés. Nothing.

Simon: Isn't that difficult?

Father: No, not really. All Muslims are happy to do it because we are doing what Allah tells us to do. And it's good

> for us - it isn't a good idea to eat too much.

Simon: Don't you eat at all?

Father: Oh, yes. We eat when the

sun goes down. But I remember once I was in England during Ramadan. And it was summer when the days are very long in England. We had to fast for a long time - from five o'clock in the morning until half past nine at night. And it was very hot and sunny. That was a bit difficult.

Simon: Wow, yes! But, er, what's

Eid al-Fitr?

Father: Oh, yes, Sorry. Eid al-Fitr is

a festival at the end of Ramadan. It is when we can break our fast and eat and drink again in the daytime.

Simon: And what do you do? Do

you have a party?

Father: No, not really. I'll start at the beginning of the day. First, we pray. Then we usually go

out and give money or presents to poor people. We visit friends and our relatives. We say 'Eid Mubarak'.

Simon: Eid Mubarak?

Father: Oh, ... 'Happy Eid,' I suppose in English. It's a

very happy time.

Simon: Thank you for explaining. It

was very interesting.

Father: Not at all.

# Unit 2 Lesson

**₩** 17

www.derasatv.net Presenter: Listen to a weather forecast. Write notes about the weather tomorrow.

Voice: Good evening from your favourite radio station. Here is the weather forecast for tomorrow, Saturday the twenty-third of February. There will be rain in the morning and it will be windy - so don't forget your coats and umbrellas when you go out. Temperature not bad - about 8 degrees. And things will get better in the afternoon. The sun will shine and the temperature will be 12 degrees. That's warm for winter. The afternoon, then, will be sunny and fine. But the evening - Brrrr! A wind from the mountains will bring some snow and it will stay cold for the night. The temperature will fall to 2 degrees. So - in the evening, stay at home and listen to us.

#### Unit 2 Lesson 10

18 is the story on SB20.

#### Unit 3 Lesson 1

• 19 is the text of the conversations on SB21.

#### **Unit 3 Lesson 3**

• 20 is the song on SB22.

#### Unit 3 Lesson 4

#### Q 21

Presenter: You will hear different people talking. Listen. Number 1

Mariam: There, we've done the

glasses. I think we've finished. Thanks for helping, Sameera.

Sameera: Oh, sorry, Mariam. I've

found these cups.

Mariam: Oh, never mind. Put them

in the bowl, please. (sound of water) They'll just take a

minute. (washing-up sounds continue) There, we've finished. Thanks,

Sameera.

Sameera: It's a pleasure.

#### Presenter: Number 2

Malek: I'm bored with this puzzle,

Kamel. Let's go outside.

Kamel: No, no, Malek. Look, we

just need one more.

Number six. The clue is:

There are two in the school

year. Eight letters.

Malek: What does it begin with?

Kamel: I don't know. But the ... one

two ... sixth letter is 'T'.

Malek: There are two in the school year. That's easy! I've done

it. Come on! We've finished. We can do something else now.

Kamel: Hang on ... I don't know

the answer!

#### Presenter: Number 3

Man 1: Keep going, Jim. Not much farther. Just a few metres.
Just a bit higher. Here goes.
I've done it! I've reached the top! What a fantastic view!

#### Presenter: Number 4

Man 1: Pass me that small brush, will you, please. Thanks.

Man 2: Do you want more paint?

Man 1: No, I'm fine for paint. Just this last bit. There. That's

better.

Man 2: Nice colour, isn't it? Looks

like a new gate.

#### Presenter: Number 5

Iman: Two chocolate ice creams, please. Thank you. Hold these a minute, will you, Sara, while I get the money. Oh, no!

Sara: What's the matter?

Iman: My purse. With all my money in it. It's not in my bag.

Sara: Your pocket?

Iman: No, I've left it at home. Oh, what can we do? The ice creams are melting!

Sara: Don't worry. Hold the ice creams. I don't think I've forgotten my purse. No, here it is. How much?

#### Presenter: Number 6

Girl 1: This game is difficult, isn't

Girl 2: Yes, it is. I just bought it yesterday.

Girl 1: I don't think we can do it.

Girl 2: Yes, we can. Let's try again. Look! I think I've got one!

Girl 1: Oh, yes! And there's another one, look! Get it!

Girl 2: OK! OK!

Girl 1: You've done it! You've done it!

Girl 2: Right, that's enough. We'll play it again later. Switch off the computer now.

Zeena: Dad phoned. He's bought

me a new computer.

Mother: Salman, what's the matter?

Why are you frightened?

Salman: I've just read a ghost story.

Mother: Noora, what's the matter?

Why are you sad?

Noora: Somebody has drunk all

the lemonade.

Hamad: What's the matter, Jack?

Why are you worried?

Jack: Somebody has taken my

elephant.

#### Unit 3 Lesson 7

23 is the story on SB26.

#### **Unit 3 Lesson 5**

#### **₽ 22**

Presenter: Band 1. Listen and check your answers.

A3; B2; C5; D8; E7; F1; G6; H4

### Presenter: Band 2. Now listen to the conversations.

Woman: What's the matter, Yassir?

Yassir: I feel sick. I've eaten too

much chocolate.

Father: What's wrong, Jassim?

Why are you angry?

Jassim: Ahmed has gone to the beach without me.

Teacher: Tamara, why are you

upset?

Tamara: I've forgotten my English

books.

Mother: Why are you so happy,

Muna?

Muna: Daddy has given me a

present.

Mother: What is it, Zeena? Why are

you so excited?

#### **Unit 3 Lesson 8**

#### **№** 24

#### Presenter: Once upon a time ... Listen and read.

Voice: Once upon a time there

was a young shepherd. He

was looking after his sheep in a field near a

small village. And he was

very bored.

I've done nothing all day,' he thought. 'I've walked round this field ten times and I'm bored.' Then he had an idea. He ran into the village. 'I've just seen a wolf,' he shouted. 'It has eaten one of my sheep.' The men of the village ran to the field. But the sheep

were eating happily and

there was no wolf. The shepherd laughed loudly. 'That's not funny,' one of the men said angrily. The next day, the shepherd did the same thing. 'Help! Help!' he shouted.' A wolf has eaten one of my sheep. Come guickly.' 'Oh, no! Not again,' said one of the men, 'But we have to go,' said another. And they ran to the field. Again the sheep were eating happily. There was no wolf.

The shepherd did this the next day and the next day. On the fifth day, he was watching his sheep again when he saw a wolf. It had huge, white teeth. It took one of his sheep. He ran to the village, shouting, 'Help! Help! The wolf! It's just taken one of my sheep.' 'Oh no. Not this time. We don't believe you,' said one of the men of the village. 'But it's true,' said the shepherd.

The man spoke again. 'We do not believe you,' he said slowly and angrily. 'Go away.' The shepherd went back to the field. All his sheep were dead. He sat down on a stone and cried sadly.

#### Unit 3 Lesson 10

25 is the story on SB29.

#### **Unit 3 Extra activities**

₩ 26

Presenter: Listen to Len talking to his father. Answer the questions.

Len: Dad?

Mr Archer: Mm.

Len: Can I have my pocket

money?

Mr Archer: Can you have what?

Len: My pocket money. I've

done ...

Mr Archer: I don't know.

Len: Dad? I don't under ...

Mr Archer: Well, have you done all

your jobs?

Len: I've done a lot of them.

Here's my list.

Mr Archer: Really! You have a list!

Mm. Let's see – have you finished your homework?

Len: No. Not yet. Gwen has

borrowed one of my books. I'll do it this

evening.

Mr Archer: All right. Um – have you

done the washing-up?

Len: Yes, I have.

Mr Archer: And tidied the kitchen?

Len: Yes, Dad.

Mr Archer: Er - have you phoned your

uncle? He wants to speak

to you about ...

Len: No. I can't. Their telephone

doesn't work. It's broken.

Mr Archer: What's this? Oh, yes. Have

you bought a birthday present for your mother?

Len: No, Dad. L...

Mr Archer: Why not?

Len: I need my pocket money.

Mr Archer: Oh, all right. Here you are.

Len: Thanks, Dad.

#### Unit 4 Lesson 3

#### **№** 27

Presenter: Khalid's birthday present. Band 1. Listen and check your answers.

1b; 2d; 3a; 4f; 5e; 6c

#### Presenter: Band 2. Now listen to the conversation.

Ahmed: Hey, Jassim! Don't forget.

It's Khalid's birthday

tomorrow.

Jassim: I haven't forgotten. The

tenth of January.

Ahmed: What's the matter? Why are

you angry?

Jassim: I haven't bought him a

present and I've lost my

wallet.

Ahmed: Oh, Jassim! When did you

lose it?

Jassim: I've no idea. Yesterday

afternoon in the Mall. I

think.

Ahmed: What did you want to get

him?

Jassim: A model plane, of course.

What do you think?

Ahmed: I've just bought him a model

plane.

Jassim: I can't get him anything

Ahmed: Hey! Hang on! What's that

on the teacher's desk?

Jassim: Fantastic! I lost it here.

We'll go shopping after

school. Great!

#### Unit 5 Lesson

#### **№** 28

#### Presenter: Where do they come from? Listen and check your answers.

Boy: My name is Emile. I come from France. We have many shops in my country where you can buy beautiful clothes.

Girl: My name is Sultana. I come from Oman. I live near the sea where you can see lots of boats.

Boy: My name is Raji. I come from India. You can see elephants in my country.

Boy: My name is Yuki. I come from Japan. There are beautiful mountains in my country.

#### Unit 5 Lesson 2

39 is the text of the story on SB36/37.

#### Unit 5 Lesson 4

30 is the song on SB38.

#### Unit 5 Lesson 7

#### Q 31

Presenter: Have you ever been to Indonesia? Listen.

> Voice: Come to Indonesia – the country of a thousand

islands. Our beaches are the most beautiful in the world. And the sea is warm. Go swimming and sailing from our long, sandy coast. Go and look in the forests for the birds of paradise – the birds of many colours. You won't believe what you see! Go walking in the mountains and visit some of our many old temples. Stay on farms where they grow pepper, coffee and rubber trees. Did you know that one of the world's biggest mosques is in Indonesia? It's huge. Fifty thousand people can pray there. Have you ever seen an ape? The 'man of the woods' - a big monkey with long red hair. It lives in the trees of our hot, wet rainforests. Come and see the ape - at home. Volcanoes! Indonesia is famous for them! The most famous is Mount Rinjani. Have you ever been to Indonesia? You haven't? Now is the time.

#### Unit 5 Lesson 9

**₩** 32

Presenter: Jassim and Rana are shopping in a big food store. They have to find food from other countries for homework. Where does the food come from? Jassim: Right, What do we need?
Rana: We have to find things from other countries, Where's this water from?

Jassim: Produce of the UAE. But we have water at home.

Rana: Oh!

Jassim: We want a chicken. Um.

Over there. In the fridge.

Rana: Here you are.

Jassim: Where's it from?

Rana: It's from here. It's from Iraq.

Jassim: OK. Put it in the basket. Now – where's the rice?

Rana: There. (*Pause*) It's from India.

Jassim: Rice from India. In the basket.

Rana: Look – here's some pepper. (*Pause*) It's from Indonesia.

Jassim: Rana – we have pepper at home. Put it back.

Rana: OK. But write that down. Pepper from Indonesia.

Jassim: OK. What's next? Sugar! We need sugar.

Rana: I'll get it. (*Pause*) Here you are. It's from – North America.

Jassim: OK. Sugar from North
America. In the basket.
And coffee? Where's the
coffee? Ah – here we are.

Rana: Where's that from?

Jassim: (Reading) Grown in South America.

Rana: Mm. Sugar from North
America and coffee from
South America. Write that
down.

Jassim: Now – shall we have some fruit?

Rana: How about strawberries?

Jassim: Strawberries, Strawberries,

Look, over there!

Rana: I'll go. (Pause) And they're

from - er - Spain.

Jassim: Strawberries from Spain. In

the basket.

Rana: Here's some salt. And it's

from - France, Salt from

France. There you are.

Jassim: No, no. Put it back. We

have salt at home.

Rana: Oh.

Jassim: Now – what have we

bought? Strawberries, chicken, rice, sugar,

coffee. Um - do you have

any money?

Rana: No. Do you?

#### Unit 5 Lesson 10

33 is the story on SB43.

#### Unit 6 Lesson 2

#### ₩ 34

#### Presenter: Listen and say the words after me.

Iraqi; Bahraini; Omani; Yemeni;

Pakistani; Qatari;

Canadian; Italian; Indian; Palestinian;

American; German;

English; Spanish; Irish; Turkish;

Swedish; Scottish

#### Unit 6 Lessor

#### **₩** 35

#### www.derasatv.net Presenter: Samar's pen-friend. Band 1. Listen and check your answers.

1e; 2g; 3c; 4a; 5f; 6h; 7b; 8i; 9d

B Tell the students to listen to the whole conversation. Play Band 2.

#### Presenter: Band 2. Listen to the conversation.

Dana: What are you doing,

Samar?

Samar: I'm writing a letter.

Dana: Who are you writing to?

Samar: I'm writing to Judy.

Dana: Who's Judy?

Samar: She's my pen-friend. Dana: Where does she live?

Samar: In Canada. She's

Canadian.

Dana: How did you find her?

Samar: I advertised in a magazine

for a pen-friend.

Dana: Oh, can I do that too?

Samar: Of course you can.

Dana: And do all pen-friends

come from Canada?

Samar: Of course they don't. They

come from countries all

over the world.

Dana: Are those photographs of

Canada?

Samar: Yes, they are. Judy sent

them to me.

Dana: Have you got the name of

the magazine?

Samar: Yes, I have. I'll get it for

you.

#### Unit 6 Lesson 4

#### **№** 36

## Presenter: Fuad and his father are talking. Listen and complete the sentences.

Dad: Fuad! Good news!

Fuad: What's that, Dad?

Dad: I'm going to Japan – to Tokyo.

Fuad: When?

Dad: In seven weeks from now.

Fuad: Oh, Dad. Can I come with you? Please?

Dad: I thought you might ask me that. Yes, you can come.

Fuad: Wait a minute. Yuki doesn't live in Tokyo. I won't be able to meet him.

Dad: Maybe Yuki can come to Tokyo.

Fuad: Yes, I hope so. I'll write and tell him straight away. What date will we travel?

Dad: On the 17th.

Fuad: And how long will we be in Japan?

Dad: Twelve days.

Fuad: Twelve days. Great! Which airline will we fly on?

Dad: Iraqi Airways, of course. If they fly to Japan.

Fuad: How long will the flight take?

Dad: I'm not sure. About seven hours, I suppose. We'll find out when I get the tickets.
Just calm down and get on with writing to Yuki.

Fuad: Yes, yes. I'll do it right now.

#### Q 37

Presenter: Fuad wrote to Yuki and, two weeks later, he had a reply. Now Fuad is telling his father about Yuki's letter.

Fuad: Dad, I got a letter from Yuki this morning.

Dad: What does he say?

Fuad: He says that he and his family will be in Tokyo when we are there. Isn't that fantastic?

Dad: Yes, it is.

Fuad: And he says that his father and his mother will meet us at Tokyo airport. And he'll be at the airport too.

Dad: Oh, that's good. I've never been to Japan you know.

Fuad: He wants me to stay with him. At his uncle's house. He says you can stay too, Dad.

Dad: Well, that is kind of them.
But I'll stay in a hotel
because I have business
to do. Remember, I won't
be on holiday. I have to
work. But you can stay
with them. I'll write and
thank Yuki's parents for
their invitation. And you
can start thinking about
what clothes you'll need.

Fuad: Oh, clothes! I didn't ask Yuki what I'll need. What do you think, Dad?

Dad: I don't know! Find out what the weather will be like.

And ask Yuki what you will be doing – where you'll be going. Just don't take too much. You'll have to carry your own bag.

Fuad: Okay, dad. Oh, just one thing – I want to take Yuki a present. What shall I get

him?

Dad: Er ... You said he collects stamps. Why not take him

some Iraqi stamps?

Fuad: Good idea, Dad! Thanks.

I'll do that.

#### Unit 6 Lesson 5

#### **₩** 38

Presenter: Fuad meets Yuki. Band 1.
Yuki and Fuad meet for the first
time.

Yuki: Hello, are you Fuad?

Fuad: Yes. And you must be Yuki.

Hello.

Yuki: How do you do? Come and meet my parents.

### Presenter: Band 2. Yuki introduces Fuad and his father to his father.

Yuki: This is my father. Dad, this is Mr Salim and this is

Fuad.

Fuad: How do you do, sir?

Mr Ono: How do you do? You are

very welcome.

### Presenter: Band 3. Next, Yuki introduces Fuad to his mother.

Yuki: And this is my mother.

Fuad: How do you do? It's nice to

meet you.

Mrs Ono: How do you do? Welcome

to Japan.

#### Unit 6 Lesson

39 is the text of the conversation on SB48/49.

#### Unit 6 Lesson 7

#### Q 40

Presenter: Hisham has had a postcard from his friend, Mustafa. Listen and answer the questions.

Hisham: I've just had a postcard

from Mustafa. He's on holiday in France.

Mother: Oh! What does he say?

Read it to me, please.

Hisham: OK. Dear Hisham, France

is fantastic. I've done lots of things. I've been up the Eiffel Tower. Everybody does that when they visit Paris. You can see the whole of Paris from up there. I've also visited one of the biggest museums in the world, the Louvre. It was really interesting.

French food is different, but it's very nice. I've even tried some frog's legs. I've bought some new clothes for myself and a CD for you. I hope you like it.

See you at home in Iraq

soon.

Mustafa.

#### Unit 6 Lesson 9

#### Q 41

### Presenter: Listen to two men, Jim and Tom, talking.

Tom: Hi, Jim! You look very happy.

Jim: 1 am. I'm taking the family on holiday to Italy next month.

Tom: Next month? But that'll only be May. Why don't you go in the summer?

Jim: No. Summers in Italy are very hot. The best months to go are May and September.

Tom: Won't the children be in school?

Jim: No. It'll be half term. They get a week's holiday from school in May.

Tom: Why Italy?

Jim: Italy's great. The Italians are very friendly. Young children are welcome in restaurants. They're not in England.

Tom: What will you do there?

Jim: Me? I'll visit museums.

There are a lot of

wonderful museums all

over Italy, And I'll eat lots

over Italy. And I'll eat lots of pizzas. Italian pizzas are the best in the world.

Tom: Will you lie on the beach, go swimming, fishing ...?

Jim: No. I don't like that sort of thing. But I'll go climbing. There are some fantastic mountains there.

Tom: Sounds great. Maybe I'll go there some day.

#### Unit 6 Lesson 10

42 is the story on SB52.

#### Unit 7 Lesson 4

### 43 is the text of the conversation on SB56.

#### Unit 7 Lesson 7

#### ₩ 44

### Presenter: Danger! Band 1. Listen and check your answers.

1e; 2c; 3g; 4a; 5f; 6b; 7d

### Presenter: Band 2. Listen to the conversation.

Mum: Saeed, where's Amal?

Saeed: I don't know.

Mum: Have you seen her?

Saeed: She was in the sitting room

two minutes ago.

Mum: Did she go into the garden

with you?

Saeed: No, she didn't.

Mum: Oh, no!

Saeed: What's the matter, Mum?

Mum: The bathroom!

Saeed: What about the bathroom?

Mum: I've filled the bath with very

hot water.

Saeed: I'll go and look.

Mum: Run! Run!

Saeed: I've got her, Mum. She's

OK.

#### **Unit 7 Lesson 8**

#### **45**

Presenter: Listen to a conversation between two women and answer the questions.

Suha: Hello, Layla! And little

Fareed. How nice to see

you!

Layla: Oh, hello, Suha.

Suha: Oh, dear! You don't look

well. Are you all right?

Layla: I am now. But I've had such

a fright. Oh, dear! I was very frightened. I have to sit down for a few minutes.

Suha: Why? What happened?

Layla: Well, I was looking for a

new dress. I put my little boy on a chair – this one, in fact. I said 'Don't move,

Fareed!'

Suha: And?

Layla: The next time I looked

around – I'm sure it was only a minute later – Fareed wasn't there.

Suha: What did you do?

Layla: I ran round the shop looking

for him and calling his name. But it was no good.

Suha: And it's a huge shop.

Layla: Yes, it certainly is. I ran

outside and looked up and down the pavement. No

sign of him.

Suha: How awful!

Layla: I was sure he was under a

car. I was so frightened.

Then two girls came round the corner with Fareed. He was laughing! The girls

were looking for a

policeman because they

knew he was lost.

Suha: Where did they find him?

Layla: He was standing by the

zebra crossing. Frasatv.net

Suha: But that's a hundred

metres from the shop. He

walked all that way alone!

Layla: I know. I don't want to think about it. I was crying and

Fareed was laughing!

Suha: Were you angry?

Layla: Angry? Well, yes, but just

for a minute. I was happy to find him with no broken legs or arms. I'll never take

my eyes off him again.

#### Unit 7 Lesson 9

#### **₩** 46

Presenter: Nader and his wife, Huda, and their son, Fareed, are driving to the beach. Listen to their conversation.

Nader: That man! He didn't look!

Huda: Nader, you ARE driving very fast. It's dangerous.

Drive carefully, please.

Nader: I AM driving carefully. It's the other drivers.

Huda: Nader, please drive slowly.

If you don't, we'll have an accident.

Nader: Oh, all right.

Huda: Fareed.

Fareed: Yes, Mum.

Huda: Are you wearing your seat

belt?

Fareed: No, Mum. I don't need it.

Huda: Yes, you do. Now, put it on.

Nader! Be careful!

Nader: What's the matter?

Huda: Those two boys! They're

riding on the wrong side of the road.

Nader: It's OK. I've seen them.

And one of them isn't holding the handlebars.

Fareed: Dad, why have you

stopped?

Nader: It's a zebra crossing,

Fareed. And that old man wants to cross the road.

You see?

Fareed: Oh, yes.

Huda: Nader! That boy!

Nader: Hey! Walk on the pavement. Not on the road. Boys!

Huda: They don't think. Right,

Nader. Nice and slowly. If you drive slowly, we'll still get to the beach in time for

lunch.

Fareed: Can I have a pizza?

Huda: Yes, Fareed. You can have

a pizza.

#### Unit 7 Lesson 10

47 is the story on SB60.

#### **Unit 8 Lesson 1**

#### Q 48

Presenter: Pronunciation. Band 1. Listen and copy these questions and answers.

Voice 1: Can you use a computer?

Voice 2: Yes, I can.

Voice 1: Can you use a computer?

Voice 3: Yes, of course I can.

Voice 1: Can you use a computer?

Voice 4: No. I can't.

Voice 1: Have you ever been iceskating?

Voice 2: No, ( haven't Satv.net

Voice 1: Have you ever been ice-

skating?

Voice 3: Yes, I have.

### Presenter: Band 2. Listen and read these longer conversations.

A: Can you use a computer?

B: No, I can't.

A: Would you like to?

B: Oh, yes! I'd love to.

A: Can you use a computer?

B: No, I can't.

C: I can. It's easy.
D: And it's fun too.

#### Unit 8 Lesson 5

#### ₩ 49

## Presenter: On the radio, some people are talking about Our World Today. Listen.

Speaker 1: So, I think we are very lucky to be living in the 21st century. Think of all the things we have that our parents and grandparents didn't have. We can buy food from all over the world, for example.

Speaker 2: But today, some of the food we get is not good for us. I've stopped eating meat, for example. I don't think it's safe.

Speaker 3: Yes, that's true. We don't eat beef now and my children

are very upset because they loved burgers.

Speaker 1: What about transport?

Today, we can travel all over our own country in cars instead of having to walk or ride camels or horses. And we can travel anywhere in the world quickly and easily by plane. My parents never went outside Iraq!

Speaker 2: Yes, but look at all the accidents we have!

Speaker 3: And cars make us lazy. Nobody wants to walk anywhere these days.

Speaker 1: Well, you can't find anything wrong with all the information we can get today, on television and the Internet. And you don't have to go outside your own home! I think it's fantastic! And it's very good for children. They can learn so much.

Speaker 2: But look at all the programmes on television that are *not* good for children. And the Internet is even worse! I'd rather my children read books.

Speaker 1: Well, you can always switch off the television.

And what about the telephone, and especially mobile phones? You have to admit that they're amazing! We can telephone anywhere from anywhere.

Speaker 3: But I've read that mobile phones are dangerous –

especially to children. It's radiation, I think.

Speaker 1: Oh, I don't believe it!

There's something wrong

with everything that's new.

#### S 50

## Presenter: Listen to a story and number the pictures in the correct order.

When John opened his eyes this morning, the sun was shining brightly. He felt great. He jumped out of bed and got dressed quickly. Then he had breakfast. After that, he said 'Goodbye' to his wife and walked slowly to the bus stop. On the way, he smiled at everybody he met. 'Good morning. Lovely day!' he said. Suddenly, in a shop window, he saw this advertisement: Special offer! Cheap trips to India! 'India! I've always wanted to go there,' John thought and he began to dream about elephants and tigers. He forgot all about his bus. When he turned round, the bus was moving away from the stop. He ran after it shouting, but the driver did not stop. 'Oh, dear. Now I'll be late for work,' John thought sadly, 'Some days begin

better than they finish.'



#### Unit Word listwww.derasatv.net

(n) = noun (v) = verb (adj) = adjective (adv) = adverb (pp) = past participle

#### Unit 1

always
around
back
barbecue
boring
by (= next to)
collect

country, countries

drop (v)
enjoy
everything
flower
have a rest
interested in

keep
never
often
scrapbook
sea shell
shape
sometimes
stamp (n)
subway

took (a train) usually

village wonderful world

#### Unit 2

all the rest alone April August autumn break (a fast) calendar Christmas

closed cloudy cool

dawn December

degrees dry dusk

Eid al-Fitr eighteenth

eleventh except explain fast (v)

February festival fifteenth

for example forecast fourteenth friendly

half-term (holiday)

Iraqi Armed Forces Day

January
July
June
March
May
month
Muslim
nineteenth
nobody
November
October

poor

pray

rain (v)

Ramadan relatives

season

semester

September seventeenth

sixteenth

skateboard

snow(v)

spring

summer

sun

sunny take place

temperature

term

thirteenth

thirtieth twelfth

twentieth

warm

weather

windy

winter

worst

#### Unit 3

angrily badly beautifully believe bored

bought (pp)

brought (pp) carefully

cleaned (pp)

climbed (pp)



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clue
cooked (pp)
dead
done (pp)
drunk (pp)
easily
eaten (pp)
excited
feel sick
field
finished (pp)

forgotten (pp)
fox
funny
ghost story
given (pp)
gone (pp)
happily
heard (pp)
helped (pp)

inventor It's a pleasure just *(adv)* 

invent

invention

laugh at somebody

lazy
left (pp)
lost (pp)
loudly
mad
melt
mixed (pp)
Never mind

nicely noisily

Once upon a time painted *(pp)* 

pocket money politely

purse
puzzle
quickly
quietly
reached (pp)
read (pp)
robot
sadly
seen (pp)

set (n) (word ~)
shed
sheep
shepherd
slowly
sung (pp)
swept (pp)
taken (pp)
talked (pp)
tell a lie

That's very nice/kind

of you tidied (pp) washed (pp) watched (pp) watered (pp) wolf, wolves worried worry

#### Unit 4

artist
atlas
calm down
chase
escape
exhausted
freezing
friendliest
furious
grab

happiest
hate
helicopter
instead
interesting
leap
luckiest
luckily
mess

mobile (phone)

noisiest
order (n)
popular
problem
reply, replied
scream
spill
starving
thoroughly

tray whisper

#### Unit 5

agriculture all kinds of also Bahrain been (pp) cotton ever

everywhere famous for fort
France
gas
grow
I'd rather
important
India
Indonesia



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industry
Japan
journey
large
learn about
Lebanon
mainly
million

modern

more (beautiful) most (important)

oil
pepper
poem
population
produce (v)
rainforest
restaurant
ridden (pp)
rocket
rubber
Saudi Arabia

size skiing store (n) temple

The UAE (United Arab Emirates)

tourism

volcano, volcanoes

wild .

written *(pp)* 

Yemen

Unit 6

advertise (v) airport aloud American arrivals Bahraini baseball Canadian cannot wait

CD (compact disc)

player choices chopsticks city, cities copy (n) dark (hair) different from draft (n) Dutch final flight

fork French German grey Holland

hope (v) imagine include Indian introduce

introduction Iraqi

Irish
Italian
Japanese
judo
kimono
kneel
knife
label (v)
link

look forward to something

madam
magazine
maybe
midnight
must be
nationality
notice (v)
of course
off (the road)
Omani

on the way
Pakistani
Palestinian
parents
pen-friend
petrol
play (n)
plump
pot (coffee -)

raw
Really!
recognize
reply (n)
Scottish

sir Spanish spoon start (a car)

strange suit (n) Swedish take (= last) taste (v) ticket Tokyo traditional

try (= taste) Turkish understand vegetarian (n)



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welcome Yemeni

#### Unit 7

add ago

boots (football -)

burn

busy (street) children compass

crossing (zebra -)

cyclist daily drown fill

free (adj) (= for no

money)

get lost handlebars

herself himself hire hurry

hurt imperative

instructions keep away from

keep off kill let

life jacket matches medicine

miss (a bus) motor (engine)

oar ourselves

out of the reach of

overnight

pavement plastic plenty of row (v) safety seat belt

side (of the road)

side (of the sink (v) space teaspoon themselves touch warning yourself yourselves

#### Unit 8

agony agree alive anyone anywhere balloon bark (v)basketball bus stop capital (city) century cheap crash helmet delighted electric electronic e-mail for example forget all about something get dressed jet ski

main

motor bike Net (= Internet) only (adj) point (n) (= idea) print run after rush (v)safe scenery shop window spend (time) steep suitcase surfboard thought transport

travel (v)

### Notes



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ere ere
5 no no
n modili
1211 1211
表的 我。
Ep. 111
THAT
nengati.
anni di
in Pt si
 and the d
m s ila
Time 18. A